ROBERT PORTER & CO.'S
BULL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants, and Hotels.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,687—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1902. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.
GRAND Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M. 1902.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	11th Octr.
M. L. PENINSULAR	5,294	T Leigh	18th "
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	25th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	L. L. Parfitt	1st Nov.
* PERSIA	7951	S. Parcham	8th "
M.L. ORIENTAL	5284	F. N. Tillard	15th "
* CALEDONIA	7568	E. H. Gordon	22nd "
M.L. PERSIA	7951	S. Barcham	29th "
* EGYPT	7912	J. Chellew	6th Dec.
M.L. CALEDONIA	7568	E. H. Gordon	13th "
* CHINA	7912	T. S. Angus	20th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	J. Chellew	27th "
			1902.
* ARABIA	7,903	J. L. Parfitt	3rd Jany.
M.L. CHINA	7,912	T. S. Angus	10th "
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	17th "
M.L. ARABIA	7,903	J. L. Parfitt	24th "
* PERSIA	7,951	S. Parcham	31st "
M.L. ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	7th Febr.

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between NOON, and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th September, 1902.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
ARQUIS ACQUEHEM	E. Mecozzi ...	5095	25th Nov.
	T. Rassovitch	4400	17th Dec.

a Will call at Fiume. b Will call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 413-4	Rs. 165

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN A YEAR.

Fare Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 630-4. Saloon Rs. 618-12.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Second Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 8 hours to reach the Gulf.

STEAM TO KOBE via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
SOBONA	B. Cobol	4,331	23rd October.

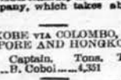
STEAM TO SHANGHAI, VIA SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TIROL	Baron Bretfeld	3,771	23rd Oct., 1902.

further particulars, regarding Passages apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 7th October, 1902.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
OCEANIEN	4229	Remos	23rd Oct. 1902.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Dupuy Fromy	30th Nov. 1902.
SYDNEY	4,232	Negre	18th Dec. 1902

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

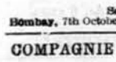
S. S. "SYDNEY," 4,232 tons, Captain Negre, to sail on or about the 18th October 1902.

For further particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Acting Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 37, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.



HOMEWARD PASSAGES
AT
REDUCED RATES,

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS, by P. and O. and other Lines.

PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention to the selection of berths and grouping of passengers.

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.

THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway station in India to all parts of the World.

COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded or insured against theft and all risks.

PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates. ESTIMATES on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.

STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.

DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, & LETTERS OF CREDIT issued and REMITTANCES made.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO,

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, the 17th October, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S.S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 14th October, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "JAVA," 1,477 tons, on THURSDAY, the 16th October, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, LAMU AND ADEN.

S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,918 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 16th October.

FOR MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELEGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH AND CAPE TOWN.

S. S. "NEVASA," 2,998 tons, on or about MONDAY, 27th October.

FOR CAPE TOWN DIRECT.

S. S. "SECUNDRA," 2,610 tons, on or about 18th October.

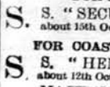
FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about 12th October.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay 10th October, 1902.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co, London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

S. S. "KAGOSHIMA MARU" Captain K. KORI, 4,404 tons, WILL SAIL for SINGAPORE, CHINA and JAPAN on 13th Inst.

For freight and passage apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.
Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 4th October 1902.

WILLIAM WATSON & Co.,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)
8, Hornby Road—BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA—8, Dalhousie Square, E.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—(Head Office), 7, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S.W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
MARSEILLES—82, Rue de la Republique.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph
CAPE TOWN—92, Adderley Street, S.A.
DURBAN S.A.—Field Street.

PASSENGER SEASON, 1902.

PASSAGES secured by P. & O., Austrian Lloyds, Messageries, Rubattino, Anchor, and the other LINERS and all NON-LINERS, at lowest rates. No COMMISSION charged.
SELECTED NON-LINERS to Continent and England from Rs. 200.
"SOCIAL GROUPING." Special care exercised in this LIST of all SAILINGS, with details, furnished promptly
REDUCTIONS for FAMILIES and PARTIES.
SPECIAL reductions for MISSIONARIES and RAILWAY EMPLOYERS.
PASSAGES from any PART of the WORLD arranged through our several HOUSES and AGENCIES.
CONTINENTAL RAIL TICKETS arranged.
PASSENGERS metal Railway Stations and conducted on Board or to Hotels.
PARCELS and HEAVY GOODS shipped to any part of the world.
BAGGAGE and CARGO CLEARED, DESPATCHED and INSURED.
DUTY and all CHARGES prepaid, if desired.
SMALL PARCELS enclosed in our Regular PARCEL CASES.
SOLDIERS' HEAVY BOXES shipped to any address CHEAPLY.
TROOPSHIP BAGGAGE shipped. Horses and Dogs shut out from same, forwarded economically.
SOLE AGENTS AT BOMBAY FOR
MESSRS. CURTISS AND SONS,
TROOPSHIP AGENTS,
PORTSMOUTH AND SOUTHAMPTON.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,

BANKERS, MERCHANTS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS.
NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE,
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, PULLICATE, LONDON.
A. B. C. CODE USED.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.
INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.
PASSAGES booked by a line of Steamers.
ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.

The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take Instructions of Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Diseases hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of Testimonials

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS,

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

THE
"GLOBE" FOUNTAIN PEN,
FITTED WITH METAL NIB.
Guaranteed made of best Materials,
Put up in Box with Filler and Directions,
Handsome Polished Vulcanite Holder,
Double Ink-Feed.

RS. 1-12.
POST FREE.

THIS IS VERY GOOD VALUE.
Every Customer pleased.

A BOON TO ALL BUSY PEOPLE.
Hundreds now in use through our Agency.

UNION TYPEWRITING Co.,
SOLE IMPORTERS,
480, Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST.
By Appointment to
H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON, P.C. G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.,
VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished, and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

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CALCUTTA. BOMBAY. MADRAS.
HEAD OFFICES:
67 and 69, Chancery Lane, London.
Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA
(or)
MITSUI & Co.

HEAD OFFICE:
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BOMBAY OFFICE:
65-67, Esplanade Road, Fort.
BRANCH OFFICES:

London, New York, San Francisco, Hamburg, Singapore, Manila, Hongkong, Amoy, Shanghai, Hankow, Chefoo, Tientsin, Newchwang, Port Arthur, Soul, Chemulpo, Yokohama, Yokosuka, Nagoya, Kobe, Osaka, Kure, Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Karatsu, Nagasaki, Kuchinotsu, Sasebo, Maitsuru, Miike, Hakodate, Taipeh, etc.

Telegraphic Address for all the Offices: "MITSUI." A B C and A1 Codes used.

CONTRACTORS OF COAL to the Imperial Japanese Navy, Arsenals, and Railway Bureau; Principal Railway Companies and Industrial Works; Home and Foreign Mail and Freight Steamers.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of the famous Miike, Tagawa, and Yamano Coal Mines; and

SOLE AGENTS for Hokoku, Hondo, Ichimura, Kanada, Kishima, Mameda, Mannoura, Onoura, Otsuji, Sasahara, Tsubakuro, Yoshinotani, Yoshio, Yunokibo, and other Coals.

ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES

INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

ALL
INTENDING ASSURERS
should apply for the Rates and conditoins of the

ORIENTAL

which are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its formation.

LOANS ON THE COMPANY'S POLICIES.
LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES.
Immediate payment of Claims on proof of death and title.

ENDOWMENTS
AND
ANNUITIES
ON
SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY,

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
now merged in the ROYAL INSURANCE, CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS.

REAL HAVANA CIGARS,

We have arranged for the regular importation of the undermentioned BRANDS made of the

FINEST

HAVANA TOBACCO.

Procurable, and are now in a position to offer them at the following Prices:—

"MULETA" Principes
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 19-12 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 20-8 per 100 in 25's.

"COMPOSIA" Especiales
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 17-1 per 100 in 50's.

"COMPOSIA" Imperatrix
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 22-1 per 100 in 25's.

"MULETA" Graciosos
3 1/2 inches. Rs 13-4 per 100 in. 50's.
Rs. 14-2 per 100 in 25's.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS AND LONDON.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.			Age next Birthday
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in			
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 6	41 10	35
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	37
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 0	67 14	51 13	43 5	38
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	43 15	39
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 3	46 4	42
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43
44	42 5	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 13	49 6	45

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during life. This Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 900 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-4.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS

Whose Income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowments Assurance is specially recommended.

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

RACING REQUISITES
FOR
POONA.

No Sportsman is Equipped without a good Field Glass.

GOERZ
TREIDER PRISMATIC BINOCULARS.

Superior in POWER and ACCURACY to all others.
No. 20 Magnifying 6 Times. CASH Rs. 122-8.
No. 30 Magnifying 9 Times. CASH Rs. 141-4.
MONOCULARS MAGNIFYING 9 TIMES Rs. 56.
COMPLETE in BLACK or BROWN LEATHER CASE with SLING and BELT FITTINGS.

FIELD FLAMMARION GLASS,

Absolutely the best value ever offered in Binoculars.
Achromatic Lenses, Wide Field, High Magnification, Complete in Brown Leather case with Sling and Belt Fittings.
CASH Rs. 32.

GUARANTEED CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

GOLD

High Class Lever Movements Compensation Balance.
Crystal Face, Keyless Action.
With Minute Recorder, Rs. 189. Without Minute Recorder, Rs. 166-8.

STERLING SILVER CASES.

Highest Quality Lever Movements Compensation Balance.
With Time and Chronograph on same Dial, Rs. 81.
Time on Dial, Chronograph on the Reverse, Rs. 58-8

STRONG NICKEL SILVER CASES.

Keyless Action Lever Movements of Highest Quality.
Time and Chronograph Action with Minute Recorder on one Dial, Rs. 58-8
Chronograph only for Timing Trials and Races, Rs. 25.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEMESIS' THE MAGIC CURE for Malaria, Influenza, Intermittent, Remittent and Plague Fevers. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle, Re. 1.
F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaikh Memon St. Bombay.
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(A TRUE VEGETABLE EXTRACT).

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A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE FOR
MALARIA AND INFLUENZA, INTERMITTANT, JUNGLE and BILIOUS FEVERS.

Fevers of all types and at all stages, and a mild attack of Plague.
It is without its equal in persistent and protracted Agues, as 1 a short trial proves its efficacy.
Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC promises all important advantages over other febrigne, that it may be administered when the Fever is on or off and it does not produce any unpleasant symptoms which frequently follow the use of other Fever Remedies.

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People residing in such places where there is an epidemic of Plague or in low damp places or frequenting the malarious districts are strongly advised to keep a bottle of Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC with them and take a small dose of it every day before going out on duty.
It is quite harmless and can be given to a child with safety.
This remedy has been tried over 25 years with success.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11TH,

AT 9-30 P.M.

H. SCOTT-LESLIE,

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LONDON ENTERTAINER

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RACONTEUR,

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AND

SHORT STORIES,

ADMISSION Rs. 3.

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T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Naviari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 6th October, 1902.

S. S. REICHSTAG.

WANTED, A QUALIFIED DOCTOR. Apply with Copies of Testimonials to A. STRANDES, Agent, German East Africa Line. 24, Medows Street.

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J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 4th Oct. 1902.

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IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and effects of HAJEE MIA AHMED SONA, of Bombay Halai Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant, deceased.

HAJEE YATEB MAHOMED RAHIMTULLA, of Bombay Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Gowli Mohalla without the Fort, a land lord, the brother of the deceased ..... Petitioner

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR LAWRENCE H. JENKINS, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, the First day of October in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Two and in the second year of our Reign.

R. D. SETHNA,
Acting Registrar.

Seal of the High Court of Bombay.

D. B. BINNING,
The 1st day of October, 1902.

Messrs. KANGA & PATELL,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

NOTICE.

THE TRUSTEES for the Improvement of the City of Bombay are prepared to receive applications for 99 years leases of the following SITES on their AGRIPADA ESTATE:—

Particulars.	No. of Sites.	Area ranging from sq. yds.	Annual rent ranging from Rs.
For small Residential Bungalows of a ground and one upper floor with ground floor out-houses, only	74	638 to 2104	166 to 723
For Residential Quarters of a ground and 2 upper floors which could be let to separate tenants	7	911 to 1630	338 to 597
For Chawls trade and other purposes	15	814 to 1351	316 to 512
Will be divided to suit lessee's requirements for Chawls, trade and other purposes	11	3055 to 5617	719 to 1316

Further particulars and plan of the sites can be obtained on reference to the ENGINEER of the BOARD, at Albert Buildings, Hornby Road.

LIST OF ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge.

JAMES EDWARD PURCELL WHITE, late Acting Traffic Superintendent, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Bombay.

CECILIA FERNANDEZ, late Student Nurse, Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital, Bombay.

CAWASJI GURSETJI DUBASH, late of Bombay, Parsi Inhabitant.

THAKER CALLIANJI DEVJI, late of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant.

EPHRAIM MACONOCHIE, late of 2, Greencroft Gardens, Finchley Road, in the County of Middlesex.

THOMAS McLAUGHLIN, late a Guard in the employ of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, at Lanowli.

CHARLES JOSEPH TAYLOR, late Preventive Officer Mora, near Uran, in the Kolaba District.

EGHJI VISRAM, late of Bombay Hindu Lohana Bhatia Inhabitant.

KARSHAJI NAIKIN, late of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant.

PREMJITINDERJI, late of Bombay Zarola Bania Hindu inhabitant.

ABDOOL HOSSEIN ADAMBHAI, late of Kasadvunj in the Ahmednagar District, Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant.

WILLIAM ROGERS, of Salisbury, Rhodesia, but late of Aden.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the Undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the Undersigned at his Office, within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

T. J. STRANGMAN,
Acting Administrator General.
Administrator General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 27th September, 1902.

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ENGLISH DUNLOP SOLID
CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES,
JUST RECEIVED.
Prices Moderate. Every Size.

	Rs. a.
DUNLOP COVER	18 0
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For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

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Bombay, 11th October 1902.

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OPTICALS.—Mr. JACOBS of Messrs. F. DAVIDSON & Co., London, is now in Bombay and will be glad to see any Doctor or others interested in this trade at 52, GREAT WESTERN HOTEL or at KEMP & CO.'S COLABA BRANCH by appointment.

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INCANDESCENT BURNERS, durable Mantles, Glass and Mica Chimneys and Globes. Best articles at cheap rates.—C. S. POCHEE & SON, Sitaram Building, near Crawford Market.

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ACTS LIKE A CHARM.—SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC is a household Remedy for Ague, Malaria and Fevers, never known to fail. Sold everywhere.—MADON SONS & Co., The original Madon's Pharmacy, No. 16 and 18, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

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Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.

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"Moreover, I told two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are tailors by trade, and in seven days they were at work again. They say this medicine cannot be too highly praised.

"May 18, 1899."

Mr George Price, St. Margaret's-on-Thames writes:—"I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been suffering these last few years with Eczema and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. A little while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture to try a bottle, and to my great relief I am a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business, being now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.

"December 25, 1899."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles at 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of, long-standing cases—BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled Vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture" is shown on the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND £650,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..... £800,000

HEAD OFFICE.
HATON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay,	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong.
Calcutta,	Singapore.	Foochow.
Madras.	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai.
Rangoon.	Bangkok.	Tientsin.
Colombo.	Batavia.	Hankow.
Penang.	Sourabaya.	Yokohama.
Tsaiping.	Manila	Kobe.
Medan, Deli (Sumatra),	Cebu, (Philippines),	New York

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credits; and undertake general Banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR PER CENT. per Annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

Bombay, Agency Elphinstone Circle.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 47,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, Bart., Chairman.
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.

SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G., A. M. TOWNSEND, } Manager.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	HOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,50,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. ADAMS GRAM,
Acting Agent.

7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £4,25,000

HEAD OFFICE:
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy.
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin.
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar.
Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newchang,	Mombasa.
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS [illegible] one year and shorter periods, at Rates [illegible] to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES:

Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.

Sub-Branches:—Murree—(April to October) and Amritsar Sub-Agencies:—Bangalore and Mooltan City.

CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,800.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER:
STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum,
2 years at 5½ " "

Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS which can be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards and receive 2 per cent. per annum, upon the daily balances, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 80 is maintained.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches.

W. MOIR,
Manager.

Bombay, 10th October 1902.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... " 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 8,910,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong Tientsin and Newchang.

LONDON BANKERS:—THE BANK OF ENGLAND; THE LONDON AND JOINT STOCK BANK, LD.; THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK LD.; THE PARR'S BANK LD.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO
Manager,
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED

CAPITAL.

Subscribed..... Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... " 14,00,000
Uncalled Capital ..... " 5,00,000

DIRECTORS.

Mr. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
" R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
" N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
" D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the daily balance.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest:—

	Per cent. Per Annum
For 2 Years	5½
" 1 Year	5 "
" 9 Months	4½ "
" 8 Months	4 "

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 15th July 1901.

LONDON BRANCH:
19, CROSBY, WINCHESTER STREET, E.C.

NOTICE.

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INSURANCES.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT THE

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER THREE QUARTERS OF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over £ 9,900,000 and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.

N. B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Consignees.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported Iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Double Harness (Rs. 50). Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale, or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10, Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision

BANKER & Co.,

GENT'S TAILORS AND LADIES' DRESSMAKERS.

GENT'S SUITS &c., MADE ON INSTALMENT SYSTEM.

88, Esplanade Cross Road,

OPPOSITE GOKULDAS HOSPITAL.

TO CONNOISSEURS.

DIMITRINO & CO.'S REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

PRICE LIST.

	Per 100.
	Rs. a.
ALBERTS, medium size, fine quality in 100's	2 4
HANEMS, small do superfine do do	3 0
No. 8. medium do do do do	3 4
No. 8, large do do do do	3 12
LA-FAVOURITE, medium size Gold tipped in 50's	4 8
No. 5, medium size extra fine quality in 100's	4 8
GRAND FORMAT extra large do do in 50's	5 8

To ensure their freshness we receive them by Post every fortnight.

D. MERWAN & Co.,

GENERAL TOBACCONISTS.

36, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, OCT. 9,

The Bombay Mails of 27th inst. arrived at Brindisi to-day.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols ..... £93 1-16 = 1-16
3 per cent. Reduced ..... £100 1-4 = unchanged
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan..... £106 1-2 = do.
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities... £95 11-16 = plus1-16
Fine Silver in London ..... 23 7-16 = — 1-16
Do. 2 months hence 23 7-16 = unchanged
Do. New York ..... 50 5-8 = 1-8
Exchange on London at Paris. 25·15 1-2 = — 1-2
Berlin Cheques on London..... 20·46 1-2 = unchanged
Exchange on New York ..... 4·85 7-8 = do.
Discount, Bank of England, 4 pe cent = do.
Short London Bills 3 1-4 = — 1-8
Indian Bank Bills 3 1-2 = unchanged
3 months Fine Trade Bills 3 3-4 = do.
6 Do. Do. 4 1-8 = do.
Interest, day to day loans 2 = plus 1-4
Do. 7 day market loans 2 3-8 = unchanged

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £175,000.

Extra Bills on Madras, Rs. 10,000 at 1s. 4d.

METALS.

Copper Brazier £65.
Yellow Metal 6½.
Tin Plates 17s. 6d.
Bar iron Belgium £5-1-0.
Iron corrugated sheets £11-2-6.
Basic Steel Bars £5-1-0

Freight—Coals Cardiff to Bombay 12s. 6d.

Rapeseed Yellow Gujrat 36 1-4, Apr.-May Sellers. Tone easier.

Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore 35 1-2, Oct.-Nov., Sellers. Tone easier.

Rapeseed Brown 32 3-4, Oct.-Nov., Sellers. Tone easier.

Linseed 51 3-4, Oct.-Nov., Sellers. Tone quiet.

Shipping arrivals for Falls of Kitsul "and "Bodlewall".

Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Sarats quiet. Manchester firm. Total sales 12,000. Spot 4,700. Sold on speculation and for export 500. Imports 9,000. Arrivals closed steady.

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
4·55 plus 4	4·53 plus 3	4·52 plus 3	4·52 plus 3	4·51 plus 2
Mar.-Apl. 4·51 plus 3	Apl.-May. 4·51 plus 5	May-June. 4·51 plus 3		

In New York—

Receipts at the Port.....	51,000
Do. last year.....	55 000
Exports to Great Britain	19,000
" Continent.....	12,000
Mid-Uplands	8 7-8
Futures, month of Dec.	8·87 plus 9
Do. do. March	8·82 plus 7
Coffee...	5 3-8

In New Orleans—

Spot Jan	8 5-16
Futures month of Jan.	8·36 plus 6
Do. April.....	8·43 plus 7
Closing Tone	steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Thursday, 9th October 1902 :—

Cotton.....	257 bales.
Wheat	4,137 cwts.
Linseed	1,397 "
Rapeseed	393 "
Gingellyseed	2,843 "
Poppyseed	351 "
Groundnuts.....	88 "
"	2,120 "
Williams	10,05 "
Seed	124 "
"	1,832 "

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, OCT. 10,

Nothing fresh to report this week regarding our crops. Weather conditions continue good from all districts excellent returns

In Bombay during the week under review has been freer exports to Europe than has been accustomed to, end the balance of crops are gradually going forward, so there are larger clearances of stocks from bazar. There is an all round hopeful tone in business prevailing, when the new season will come to hand after the Diwali. In Europe however, trade conditions in Europe are history, and with prospects of large crop of Cotton and Seeds, buyers at home are feeling keen anxiety to make forward purchases of our articles of export, at the current ruling in Bombay. Moit offers coming to hand with considerable discount off theee quotations there is a great want of any feeling in the trade now passing, bothin exports and for the ensuing season.

There has been a steady tone ruling in our Cotton market throughout the week, and at the close of prices there is a fairly good inquiry for the early deliveries of new crops. The local Mills are in the market to a greater or less extent from day to day, and some lines of Bengals and Oomra descriptions have changed hands since last mail left. Exporters are not inclined to buy so freely as the Mills, and purchases on their account are on comparatively small lines. There has been a fair demand for "spot," and, as good selections are getting scarcer, holders of high class cotton are enabled to obtain higher prices. Better reports are coming to hand from the China yarn markets, and some competition has arisen between exporters to Europe and the local Mill, for the available stocks now offered at Colaba. The improvement in Yarns is the cause of the increased Mill purchases both for ready and forward deliveries, while exporters are only buying for their immediate shipments. The Suits market generally has been steady, and re-purchases of former sales have tended to keep prices up. We have had easier advices from Liverpool and America since Tuesday morning, when a sharp decline in Futures was advised from New York, and was followed up by a fall in Liverpool the next day, and quieter markets have since prevailed in both places. There are very conflicting reports regarding the outturn of the present American crops now coming to hand. It is utterly impossible together information to enable anyone to give a reliable estimate of the crop as all such information tends to be biassed, one way or the other. But there is a widespread feeling in America and Europe that the damage done to the crop in August and September has been greatly over estimated. For the benefit of our local readers we may add, that " The Commercial and Financial Chronicle " of New York, writing on the 1st September of the new crop and its marketing, states that " August weather has, to the general observer, been in the main quite favourable, and yet reports of material damage from drought and various causes have been persistently circulated." And they also write : "Apart from the fact that the crop is an early one, any definite conclusion at this time would be premature and subject to change." Prices ruled high throughout September, when Cotton was coming to market very freely, but immediately following the issue of the Agricultural Bureau Report for October, giving the lowest average condition on record, prices begin to give way both for ready and forward deliveries.

There was a steadier tone in the Seeds markets early in the week, with a fair inquiry from exporters, especially for ready delivery, but of late there is an easier feeling. Linseed advanced to Rs. 9-5 for ready and Rs. 8-4 to Rs. 8-5 for new crop, April-May, and a fair business was reported at slightly lower rates, but the advance checked the demand which has since fallen off. Rapeseed has remained quiet but steady at about Rs. 5-10 per Brown, ready, and Rs. 6 for April-May, and Rs. 5-15 to Rs. 6 for Yellow Cawnpore, ready, with little enquiry for export. Poppyseed is steady at about last mail's quotations, viz, Rs. 8-3, ready, and Rs. 7-10, April-May. Castorseed advanced about half a rupee per candy since last mail, to Rs. 23-12 to Rs. 24 for ready and Rs.25 for April-May, but the market has since eased off. Groundnuts has remained steady at Rs. 36 for January-February. Gingelly seed has also been unchanged throughout the week, with a fairly large business reported. Cotton seed was in some demand for export, and business to some extent was put through at about Rs. 15-4 to Rs. 15-8 for ready and Rs. 15 for new crops.

The improvement reported last week in the Freight market has continued, and a further advance of 3d to 6d a ton has been established. Some large bookings are said to have been made by native shippers, chiefly for Cotton seed for forward shipment. Business is reported at 13s 6d November, 14s December, 14s 3d January to May, and later on 14s 6d February to May is quoted by sellers. The steamer Dunally has been fixed by speculators for October loading at 13s one port. A steamer,is also reported fixed for 15th December to 15th January loading at 14s one port, and another steamer fixed for February loading at the same rate. A line is reported booked at 14s for London December to February, and small lots at 14s October and 13s 6d November. Business is also reported by liners for Liverpool at 14s January to May. The Austrian Lloyds is now quoting 15s November to May, at which rate business has been booked. In the Rubattino Co. rates have also been increased, and business was done up to 14s November and 15s December.

The following changes appear in the Bank of Bombay statement, dated 4th October, compared with the previous week :—

	LIABILITIES.	
Public Deposits	Rs. 10,93,979	Decrease.
Other Deposits	6,33,996	Increase.
Credits Undrawn	4,17,348	Decrease.
	ASSETS.	
Government Securities... ...	8,14,567	Decrease.
Other Authorized Securities	6,595	do.
Credits on Securities... ...	58 758	Increase.
Loans do. ...	4,12 119	do.
Bills discounted & purchased	2,22,717	do.
Balance with other Banks ...	1,18 935	do.
Cash	8,71,274	Decrease.

These figures show a small increase of 4 3-4 lakhs in the Trade Demand. Owing to the Doorgah Puja holidays in Calcutta we have no Bank of Bengal statement issued this week. The money market remains entirely unchanged from the nominal quotations we gave last week. With a cash balance in our local Presidency Bank of upwards of three and a half crores of rupees, a very considerable decrease in the trade demand can take place before any inconvenience would be felt. When the last change in the Bank rate took place, on the 17th July, the cash balance was about two crores of rupees only, and there has since been a gradual increase until the present large cash balance has accumulated.

The mail of the 26th September, due in Bombay to-morrow, brings silver to Bombay £100,000 and gold £20,000, also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	lakhs	25·20
Bombay	"	2·20
Madras	"	2·80=30·20 lakhs.

The mail of the 3rd October, due in Bombay about the 17th October, brings silver to Bombay £170,000 and gold £20,000 ; also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	lakhs	25 20
Bombay	"	3·90
Madras	"	3·00 = 32·10 lakhs.

The mail of the 10th October, due in Bombay about the 24th October, brings silver to Bombay £140,000 and gold £40,000, also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	lakhs	24·10
Bombay	"	3 70
Madras	"	0·40=29 90 lakhs.

There is no change to record in the Council Bill allotment, which was again taken at 1s. 3 31-32d., at which rate tenders received 8 per cent. For next week the amount is unchanged at thirty lakhs.

Exchange has been a very uninteresting market throughout the week. Business reported chiefly consists of purchases and sales for near deliveries only. Quotations are unaltered from day to day, and we only hear of a few concessions so far as deliveries are concerned. As the Calcutta market is closed for the last four days of this week there is no support from that side, and in Bombay there seems to be little actual business moving. Our closing quotations are exactly the same as for last mail, viz., 1s. 3 15-16d. Bank T. T. and 1s. 3 31-32d. demand,with 3 months' sight D-A bills at 1s. 4 5-32d. The current rates for Bank paper are now quoted up to the 15th November, from which date one-thirty-second better is obtainable. Early in the week business was done for all November at 1s. 3 31-32d. T. T. and 1s.4d. demand, but later on these rates were moved on till the 15th November. Private wire was reported placed at 1s. 4d. well into November, and private demand at the same rate for all October. We hear of little doing in either buying or selling for next year's delivery. Merchants bills are offered at 1s. 4 3-16d. January to February delivery but they cannot be placed under 1s. 4 7-32d. for 3 months' sight D-A., while quotations for Bank paper remain unchanged. There has been a little decline in the London discount market during the week.

The Rupee Paper market has fluctuated somewhat since our last mail report. Prices are ruled to some extent by the very large option business which has been done for the settlement of the 28th instant, and which is largely confined to the Marwaree element in the bazar. Purchases made on account of options taken caused a rise early in the week, and the market has to be very carefully manipulated to keep rates within the bounds of the options. Under these circumstances business reported is almost entirely in the hands of the professional dealers, and outsiders take but little interest in the market. On Monday, under the influence of free purchases for call options, the price advanced to Rs. 99 for the settlement of the 28th instant. On Tuesday the rate declined to Rs. 98-12, and with Calcutta the since closed the market has remained steady at about Rs. 98-12. Further manipulations are sure to take place, and if a downward tendency shows itself some heavy sales will have to be made, which must have a depressing effect. But in the meantime the Bulls have all the assistance the easy state of the money market can afford, and they will continue to make every effort to sustain and carry up the prices.

The following are the market quotations for local Corporation Bonds :—

		Repayable	Rate
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust.....		1923	Rs. 100-8
4 per cent	"	1950	101-8
4 per cent	"	1952	101-12
4 per cent Bombay Municipal		1923	98-8
4 per cent	"	1949	99-8
4 per cent	"	1913	99-8
5 per cent	"	Tanna	115-0
5 per cent	"	Fanitary	114-0
4 per cent Bo. Improvement		1926	99-12
4 per cent	"	1952	100-8

Prices of Bullion :—

English Bar silver ex duty, Rs. 29 10 Ready,		
do, do, ...	29 9 1-2	Settlement
do, do, do. ...	29 8	2nd do.
English Bar gold	24-1-3 Ready.	

There has been a fair business passing in silver during the week. At the close the tendency is weak as the market is overstocked and the up-country demand is small. In Bar gold there is nothing doing.

The Peace-goods market is in much the same state as last reported. Enquiry for Greys continues to be fair, but prices remain the same. In Whites there is some enquiry for low mulls and nainsooks and the tendency is for higher rates. Some fair indent business is reported to have been done in Greys and Prints, but owing to the bazar rates being too much under the level of Manchester prices dealers are not keen to operate for forward business in quantities. The Yarn market has been active during the week with very good enquiry, and considerable sales of 12s. yarn. The enquiry still continues undiminished and is likely to last for some time.

In the Metal market there is nothing doing in Copper and Yellow Metal and no fresh business is reported. Houses are eager to sell, but as stocks are heavy and little enquiry from up-country dealers are not willing to operate. In iron the market continues steady and business is done in Bar iron and Basic Steel at very low prices for forward shipments. In Spelter and Pig Lead we hear of nothing doing.

The Coal market is steady. Thirty thousand tons of Dishergur is reported sold for this year next year and year after, at Rs. 12-8 per ton. Small lots aggregating 1,000 tons Dishargur ready have been sold at Rs. 12-14 about 2,000 tons Heilgers Anthracite in small lots for next year a Rs.11-8 and a small quantity of Jardine Navigation for next year at Rs. 12.

The Shares market is steady. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced to 1277 1-2 and Commercials to 46. In Mill shares Centrals are unchanged at 1,565 and Swadeshis at 665 cum div. Chinas are quiet at 510 Colaba Land and Mill shares at 400. David Mill shares have improved to 270 and Standards 260. Messrs Greaves Cotton & Co. Mill shares are all unchanged at previous quotations. Manockji Petits have during the whole week changed hands at and about 1,620 X. D. Morarjees have improved to 1,550 X. D. and Shoolapurs are quiet at 1,630. Kohinoor Mill shares have changed hands at 302 1-2. In Press shares Mofussils have advanced to 432 1-2 New Berars to 565, New Indians to 162 1-2 and Prince of Wales Press to 400 X. D. In miscellaneous list Treachers are quiet at 600, Kemps at 248, Badhams are steady at 148, Port Canning and Land Improvement shares are quoted 450. In Railway Companies Ahmedabad-Prantej have changed hands at 567 1-2, and Tapti Valley at 432 1-2 to 435. The rest of the companies are all quieter and unchanged at previous quotations.

EXCHANGE—Tone quiet.

Bank T. T.			1s 3 15-16d
Bank Demand			1s 3 31-32d
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A. ...			1s 4 5-32d
Do 4	do	do	... 1s 4 5-16d
Each Francs 3	do	do	..... 169 1-2
Marks 3	do	do	..... 137 3-4
Hongkong 30	Days' Sight		..... 126 1-4
Shanghai 30	"	"	 170
Japan 30	"	"	..... 151 1 2

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent—Tone quiet.

Cash	98 13
1st Settlement	98 11

Money Market—Tone very easy.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 2nd October			4 per cent.
Bank of Bombay	do.	17th July	3 do.
Bank of Bengal	do.	10th July	3 do.
Bank of Madras	do.	30th June	4 do.

SEEDS.

Linseed.—Tone firm.		
Ready	9	4
Forward April-May quiet	8	4
Rapeseed.—Tone quiet.		
Brown Cawnpore, Ready } Do. Forward }	5	8
Yellow Cawnpore Ready } do. Forward }	5	13 to 5 14
Yellow Gujerat, Ready } do, Forward... }	6	2 to 6 3
Poppyseed.—Tone steady.		
Ready	8	6
Forward April May ...	7	10
Castorseed—Tone quiet.		
Ready	23	8
Forward April May ...	24	8 to 24 12
Groundnuts—Tone steady.		
Forward Jan, Feb...	36	
Gingellyseed.—Tone quiet.		
15 per cent. Mixed, Dec.-Jan.	41	2 to 41 8

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	quiet.
Estimated sales	12,000
Total Imports	8,000

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
4·56	4·54	4·53	4·52
Feb.-March	March-Apr.	Apl.-May	May-June.
4·52	4·52	4·52	4·52

Cotton.—Tone firm,

Growths	Fine	F.G	Good	Delivery
Bengals, B G (Ry terms)	167	159.1-2	...	January
Bengals, M G (Ry terms)	167	...	...	Do
Sind Punjab (M G) ...	170	...	...	Do
Bilati, M G	180	175	...	Do
Khandesh, (M G) ...	...	171	...	Do
Dhamgaum Fooljaum	163	...	...	Do
Julzaum (M G) ...	...	173	...	Do
Akola do	do	...	...	Do
Khaugaum do half staple	183	177	...	Do
Karanja do	...	...	...	Do
Broach do	208	...	201	March
Bhawnuggar (H G) ...	...	...	170-71	May
S-G Dharwar	...	...	197	Do
Westerns	...	...	187	Do

COTTON STATISTICS.

Receipts for the week	Bales. 1,37
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 8th Oct ..	1,508
Shipments for the week, to Europe	3,230
Do. China, Japan and Coast Ports	Nil
Total....	3,230
Shipments from 1st October to 8th October:—	
Europe	3,230
Japan	Nil
China	Nil
Coast Ports	Nil
Total....	3,230
Afloat in Har bour for Europe	575
China, Japan and Coast Ports	1,432

WEEK'S RECEIPTS

Cotton	1,460	Bales.
Wheat	44,276	cwts.
Linseed	8,464	"
Rapeseed	5,023	"
Gingellyseed	11,142	"
Poppyseed	2,841	"
Groundnuts	369	"
Castorseed.....	17,871	"
Rice	80,479	"
Myrabollams.....	3,873	"
Cottonseed.....	9,527	"

THE LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

THE following report is dated Liverpool, 18th September :—

Since our last report we had a series of excited markets in New York, and an advance of 3-16d. in our market, which has reluctantly followed the American markets. And we really cannot give any welldefined reason for this advance, except our extraordinary cables reporting enormous damage to the crop. It is principally the influence of a leading bull in New York who has the ear of the public, that has produced the advance. His influence extends not only to the farmer and the American press, but also to the professional element, and his estimates of the crop and of the consumption never mind how extravagant they may be at this period of the season, act as a lever for the advance. Wether he be right or wrong, it suffices that he is preaching a bull campaign and Wall Street, and the great speculative public in America have ranged themselves on his side. Success leads to boldness, sometimes to foolhardiness ; there lies the danger. A rumour circulated that Neill was on the point of publishing an estimate of 10 1-4 million ; and this also contributed to the advance. The "Gelveston News" estimate the Texas crop at 2 3-4 millions, it is supposed that Oklahoma and Indian Territory do not figure in this estimate. However if these are an estimate of 2 3-4 millions for these 3 states would be extremely low. We must not, however, forget that this paper always under estimates the final yield. The crop news we receive is generally good. There are a few complaints of shedding or premature opening of the bolls, etc., but we see no trace of disaster that could entirely annihilate the magnificent condition of the crop during the month of June-July, and taking into consideration the enormous acreage planted, we still believe the figures of 10 1-4 and 10 3-4 millions, as already published at the end of July, the heavy rains of the last few weeks will permit of drought during the month of August. Well, there has been a certain amount of drought in Texas, Alabama Missis ippi and Arkansas, but it has only taken place to a slight degree the enormous production which July promises. Whether best will in the world we can see nothing in the cable which we receive almost daily from the south to alter our idea of a large crop. Under the influence of the recent bull news Lancashire has brought rather liberally, no spot cotton, but futures. However people may say, the English spinner is no longer short, and can look on with equanimity while prices are being forced up. We continue to see free discouraging advices from Continent. One of the largest spinners in Germany writes to us that the state of the trade is worse than ever, and more so for the spinner than for the weaver. All news to the contrary, he adds, is garbled. It is worthy of note that Liverpool seems to be under the impression that Liverpool is heavily committed to the bear side. In our opinion however, this is not at all the case. Many people here were bears in theory but the number of those who were so in practice was very small. All purchases therefore now only go to swell the enormous long interest existing in America, and as you know very well there is nothing more difficult than to liquidate an immense long or short interest, and to go on the other tack. During the last few days several of our leading colleagues have turned bull, and we are now somewhat isolated in our views, however there are always two sides to every question ; but we do insist on this point, that unless we are radically mistaken about the extent of the crop, we shall sooner or later see lower prices than the present. The inevitable sales of hedges against enormous shipments can only be as a check to the manipulations of the New York clique. Perhaps the Americans may be able to push prices a little higher still ; some people talk of 8d. But we do not believe it possible. An attempt will certainly be made, but we believe that the higher prices are forced, the greater the decline will be later on. Double up lons, J, F, 23 points ; F, M, 25 points ; M, A, 26 points.

NOTES OF THE NIGHT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—By the Police Commissioner's notification under the new Police Act IV of 1902, seven favoured spots have been selected to enjoy police protection under the above Act during day and night, while the rest of the city has been consigned to the mercy of not only the Mosquitoes but the raw " Voices of the Night." It is bad enough in the day, but in the nights it is simply cruel ! It seems that no policeman has the power to check the rowdies who are let loose at nights yelling out (not singing) to the top of their voices and disturbing many an invalid longing for a little rest. I think after 10 p.m. this yelling in our public streets should be put a stop to, and if our popular Police Commissioner will kindly issue another order under the new Police Act, he will earn the deep gratitude of many an invalid not living within the specially selected limits. The order may be applied to Kalbadevie Road, Girgaum Road, Fackland Road, Nesbit Road, Grant Road, Clare Road, Sandhurst Road, Ripon Road, Bellasis Road, Byculla Road, Mazagon Road, and Girdar Road, for the present.

C.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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FLORILINE !—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid " Florline " sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon ,Road, London, England.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Re. 2, for sixlines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

ATKINSON—October 5, at Bournemouth, John Henry Atkinson, late Marine Supdt., B I. S N Co., Ld, aged 62.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

RICHARDSON—BERRILL—October 4, at St. Thomas Cathedral, Bombay, by the Rev F N Hill, M A, Senior Chaplain, Alexander William Richardson, United Provinces Police, second son of Nicholas Gosselin Richardson, Esq. of Tyaquin, Co, Galway, to Aileen Mandor Wellesley, only daughter of Edward Berrill, Esq. (state) D I G, United Provinces Police,

DEATH.

BATLIWALLA—HARVER—October 10, at Bazaar Gate Street, Bai Almae, widow of late Nasoroji Pallonji Batliwalla, and daughter of the late Hormusjee Sorabjee Harver. Funeral this (Saturday) afternoon at 3 p.m.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

FERRY—October 1, at Calcutta, the wife of Arnold Ferry, of daughter.

DEATH.

GOTT—October 3, at Quetta, George Willoughby Gott, son of Lieut-Col Gott, 7th Bombay Lancers, aged two years.

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Third Class from.....	Rs.	10	upwards
Second "	"	50	"
First "	"	125	"

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 53m. Sun sets, 5h. 41m. High water 8-14m., 6-26 a.m. Low water, 1-11m.,

Fourth Criminal Sessions.

Banks closed : Dussera holiday.

P. and O. s.s. Peninsular, with English mails of 29th ultimo, due to arrive at 2 p.m.

SUNDAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 53m. Sun sets, 5h. 41m. High water, 7-32m., 7-51a. Law water, 0-48m., 2-3a.

KILLED BY A HORSE—On the night of the 8th instant a horse, belonging to Mr. Powvalla and stabled in 10th Lane, Khetwady, broke away from the stable. D-vji, a Parbhoo, while attempting to stop the animal was knocked down and received a wound at the back of the head, which rendered him unconscious. He never came to himself again and died next day.

FATAL FALL—Achabai, a Mahomedan girl, aged three years, while playing near the window of a room on the second floor of her parents' house in Pinjari Lane, on Thursday, accidentally fell out into the street from a height of about twenty-five feet. The child received serious injuries, which resulted in her death at the Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital yesterday morning.

IMPORTATION OF BUFFALO MEAT.—Before Mr. P. H. Pastor, at the Mazagon Police Court yesterday, Kazi Abdul Rahim, Market Inspector, charged Chowna Kurrimbux, with importing 1 to Bombay from Cocoa 150 lbs. of buffalo meat without a permit from the Municipal Commissioner. The accused was fined Rs. 100

SUICIDE OF A WIFE—Dropodebai, a Hindu woman, aged twenty-two years, residing with her husband at 6 B Prabhu Lane, Mandvi, committed suicide on Thursday by drowning herself in a well at a distance of about a hundred yards from her house in consequence of her husband having sold her ornaments. At an inquest held by Mr. P. Byrne, the Coroner yesterday, the jury returned a verdict of suicide.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Singapore, China, and Japan, per extra s. s. Kagoshima Maru, will be closed at the General Post Office at 2 p. m. on Monday the 13th instant. Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Diu, Chinde, Daressalam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Mozambique, Beira and Delagoa-bay, per extra s. s, Reichstag, will be closed at the General Post Office at 2-30 p. m. on Tuesday, the 14th instant. Letters, etc, specially superscribed for South Africa will also be forwarded.

PERSONAL POWERS.—Headache, Granulations, Piles, Inflammation or Pain in any part of the body, Dysentery, Hysteria, Female Complaints, Unsound Dreams, Loss of Appetite, Asthma, Stammering, Chronic Constipation, Ringing in the ears, etc., can be cured by Spencer Powers. This process is quite new and invented by me after I was told by the "Doctor of Kumtha" his "Secret" in the presence of many Parsee and Gujarathi patients. Mr. Laldas Karoondas Narsoondas of Bombay was at one time troubled very much with Spermatorrhœa, the cure of a very high fever and cough by "Personal Powers" only. No fees for such cures. Apply to Mr. Gadgil at his Dispensary, opposite Girgaum Police Station, Girgaum Post, Bombay, between 7 and 9 a. m.—ADVT.

A SERIOUS ALLEGATION—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday morning before Mr. Karsondas Chhabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector O'Keiffe charged a Hindoo widow Chandribai aged 22, and her mother Soondribai, aged 50, with causing the death of a new born male child by stuffing a piece of cloth into the infant's mouth on the 8th instant. It appeared that Chandrigave birth to the child on the night of the 8th instant. She is a widow and it is alleged that her mother, the second accused, gave her a piece of cloth to thrust down the throat of the child and kill him in order to save her from disgrace. Chand I did so, it is stated, and the child was killed. She was removed to the Cama Hospital for treatment. Mr. O'Keiffe applied for a remand in order to enable the police to institute further enquiries. The application was granted.

UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court yesterday, Dr. Sorab Cowasjee Hormusjee, Divisional Health Officer, prosecuted Muichund Dossa, a grain dealer, on a charge of exposing in his premises for sale for the purposes of sale and intended for human food, a quantity of unwholesome rice. The evidence showed that the rice was mouldy and full of weevils, and consequently unfit for human consumption. A sample was sufficed that the rice was kept at his warehouse for sale, but he intended to clean it before selling it. The Magistrate in disposing of the case remarked that it was clear from the evidence that the rice was unfit for human food and was mouldy and full of weevils, and consequently unwholesome. The accused said that he intended to clean it before selling, but his Worship thought that no amount of cleaning would make the rice fit for human consumption. The Court, therefor , ordered the seven bags of rice seized by the Health Officer to be destroyed.

ACQUITTED WITH HONOUR.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Inspector Barnett charged Ramchundra Keshav Phadke with dishonestly receiving and depositing of a Government promissory note of the value of Rs 1,000, the property of Mr. Manockjee Nowrangee Sethna. Messrs. Velinker and Mistri, pleaders, defended the accused. The evidence showed that about fifteen months ago the complainant's house at Sion was broken into, and a safe containing jewellery and five Government promissory notes of the value of Rs 1,000 each, was carried away. About a month ago he received certain information from the Public Debt Office, to which the numbers of the notes had been transmitted, in consequence of which he communicated with the police who arrested the accused with the note in his possession. The note was endorsed by one Mahomed Cassum and made payable to one Keshew Gopal. The defence was that the accused had received the note from one Mahomed Cassum, who was not to be found and that he did not know or believe it to be stolen property.—The Magistrate in disposing of the case remarked that there was no evidence that the accused knew or believed the note to be stolen property. He had received it from Mahomed Cassum who was non est. The Court, therefore, acquitted the accused honourably.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A EUROPEAN.—Last evening at about 7 o'clock Mr. Campbell managing agents to Messrs Glover and Company, Lancashire, received very serious injuries to the head by a fall from his doggart on the Queen's Road, Mr. Campbell accompanied by a lady in the cog cart which she drove along the Queen's Road from Church Gate to Marine Lines. Apparently

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3,000 Lawson Tait Beds at Rs. 20 each.
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BOMBAY AND POONA.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steamer Pasha, 3838 tons, Captain H Elliot, sailed yesterday for Rangoon in ballast.

THE steamer Bullmouth, 2507 tons, Captain J W Stratton, sailed yesterday for Liverpool and Hull via Karachi, with a general cargo.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Hoseinel, 98 tons Commander Thos Hughes, sailed yesterday for Jeddah &c, with a general cargo and 59 deck passengers.

THE City Line steamer City of Delhi, 2925 tons, Captain J R Rae, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with the same bottom cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Ikbana, 3,383 tons, Captain H J Willster, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, 29th September with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer Zwoena, 941 tons, Captain J H Nesbitt, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Singapore 28th September, with a cargo of sugar and rice.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Java, 920 tons, Captain H McDiarmed which arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, brought a general cargo, 299 cases opium, Mr Smith, Mr Fernwell, nine natives and 44 deck passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

Torpedo Boat No 100...Lt Comdr J C Hughes, R N.....
* Do No 102...Lt Comdr J C Powles, R N.....
* Do No 103...Lt Comdr W P Kos, R N.....
4 Torpedo Boats.....
Patrick Stewart.....Capt W A Tindall.....I G T Flr
R I M S Elphinstone.....Lt Comdr Rowsell.....Indian Marine
H M S Sphinx.....Comdr T W Kemp.....Cruiser
H M S Abyssinia.....Turret-ship

IN THE STREAM.

H M S Fox.....Capt F S Pelham, R N.....Cruiser
R I M S Hardinge.....Comdr G J Baugh.....Indian Marine
R I M S Clive.....Comdr A J G Piffard.....R I Marine
Tenasserim.....Receiving Hulk
H M S Magdala.....Capt G H Hewett, R N.....Turret Ship
R I M S Investigator.....Comdr T H Heming, R N.....Surveying St.

* Indian Defence Ships.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—OCT. 10.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
Shahnoor	2198	Smith			E Tajbhoy
Alfafar (Schr)	66	Nacoda			D Anandjee
Crescent	801	Raffia			M H Cassum
Pekin	2592		Japan		I-J P & O Co
Aarvak	555	Faye	Stream		J C Narayendas
Rajpootana	1312	Radcliffe			M M & Co
Colaba	1166	Graham	Rangoon		M M & Co
Aberlour	2747	Murray			R B & Co
Onipenta	3420	Kilpatrick			M M & Co
Pachumba	544	Hodgson	Karachi		M M & Co
Bullmouth	3306	Stratton	Liverpool		W & A G & Co
Masagon	3279	Phillips			P & O Co
Hesseria	1340	ARvon	Calcutta etc		M M & Co
Secundra	1674	Dewing			M M & Co
Itola	3361	Shepherd			M M & Co
Dunolly	2 27	Nicol			T M & Co
Nerbudda	1361	Honywood			M M & Co
Albein	650	Curtis			R Stewart & Co
Kerbela	1468	Grey			M M & Co
Reichstag	1319	Oswald	Zanzibar &c		A Strand & Co
Nizam	2041	Bullen			T Morrison & Co
Nankin	2557	Benton			P & O Co
Java	919	McDiarmid			M M & Co
Ikbora	3383	Wilsher			M M & Co
Isla de Suzon		Lt-Comdr J C Colwell	American M-of-W		
Lake Manitob					Transport.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
B	Birdoswald	2703	Gray	Dunkirk	11-10	W & A G & Co
F	Daghestan	3212	Todd	Antwerp &c	9-10	M M & Co
O	Akbar	1441	Baldwin	Singapore	15-10	I C Joosub
P	Kagoshima Maru	2731	Kori	Japan	13-10	N G Kaisha

HARBOUR WALL.

Satrunji.....547 Ahmed.....Karachi...11-10 Shpd & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
3	R Rubattino	3011	Sop riti	Genoa	15-10	Crocco
4	Bisagno	1509	Mazio	China	17-10	Crocco
5	Parramatta	3854	Fox	China	21-10	P & O Co
6	Oriental	3085	Tillard	Aden	10-10	P & O Co
9	City of Delhi	2315	Rae	Karachi	11-10	K Nixon & Co
10 11	Pasha	3839	Elliot	Rangoon	11-10	T M & Co
14	Kola	497	Rickford	Karachi	11-10	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
9	Zweena s	Nesbitt	Singapore.
10	Ikbana s	Willster	Calcutta, Sept 29.
10	Isla de Luzon (American Man of War.	Colwell	Colombo.
	Lake Manitoba	Jones	Cape Town, Sept 24

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
10	City of Delhi s	Rae	Karachi
	Hoseine is	Hughes	Jeddah, &c
	Bullmouth s	Stratton	Liverpool, &c
	Pasha s	Elliot	Rangoon
	Margarita s	Baddley	Tuticorin

The steamer Zweena, Captain Nesbitt, for Basrah, obtained her portclearance yesterday.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Java, Persian Gulf
" Nankin, for London, &c
" Peninsular, for London, &c

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Oct 7—Steamers Nawab, J M Thomson, Rangoon 4th Oct and Nippon, Giovanola, Elsenberger, Trieste 5th June.

DEPARTURES.

Oct 7—Steamers Fultala, Scindia, Rusmore, Shirala and Malda.

DAILY EXPORTS—OCTOBER 10.

FOR LONDON.

Peninsular s—10 bales hides, Pestonjee Eduljee Boyce; 5000 cwts castor seed, 2,500 cwt coir n seed, Ralli Brothers (,000 cwts homeseed Croft. Mody and Co; 71 cwts fishmowe J Joombhoy and Co 2000 cwts cotton seed J A Begale and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Daghestan s—527 balesbemp Pershotam Bhimjee: 37 bales twist G V Megjee 140 bales cotton 4000 cwts rapeseed, Vol Brothers; 515 cwts myrabollams Wagjee Becher, 1000 cwts myrabollams J Hurchand; 1600 cwts rapeseed 200 cwts Mustardseed 100 cwts myrabellams Volkart Brothers.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Birdoswal.—4002 cwts rapeseed, 3878 cwts linseed Narsyendas Sunderes and Co; 2000 cwts linseed Killick Nixon and Co; 4917 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers, 700cwt. myrabrilams, Ebjee Oomersey; 4000 cwts linseed 2000 cwts rapeseed, Forbes Forbes and Co,

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—250 bales cotton, The Bombay Company; 1898 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR BARCELONA.

R Rubattino s—250 bales cotton, The Bombay Company; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bisagno s—90 cwt sharkfins, M J Joomabhoy and Co; 54 cwt sharkfins, R F Talati; 75 bales twist, Silas E. Sassoon.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bisagno s—52 bales twist, Talati and Co; 125 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon; 48 bales twist, Talati and Co.

Parramatta s—45 bales twist, Killick Nixon and Co.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, OCT. 9

The P. & O. S. N. Co's s. s. Caledonia arrived this afternoon.

COLEBO, OCT. 10.

The P & O Co's s s Bengal is expected to arrive in Bombay at 4 a m on Monday next

The N Y K Steamer Hirashima Maru left Hongkong for Singapur on the 10th inst

The Austrian Lloyd's s s Vindobona left Aden for Bombay on the afternoon of the 9th instant and is expected here on the afternoon of the 16th idem.

DIVINE SERVICE.

20TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, 12TH OCTOBER.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-66 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Woodward in E flat. Hymns—7, 316, 322 and 520.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—303, 18 and 219.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Chants.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.

Afghan Memorial Church.

7 a.m.—Parade Service.
Hymn—37 and 363.
8-15 a.m.—Choral Celebration of the Holy Communion.
Hymns—130, 318 and 217.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Choral and Sermon.
Hymns—220, 260 and 363.
Offertories during the day for the Cowley Fathers Mission Panch Howd, Poona.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

8 a.m.—Litany and Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. Canon Roberts.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

Wandby Road.

11 a.m.—Joint Service, (St. Andrew's Church.)
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service by Rev. R. MacOmish.
Hymns—461, 393 and 675.
Psalm—148 2nd Version.

ST. NICHOLAS' SEAMEN'S CHURCH.

Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.

10-30 a.m.—Matins.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Daily—
7-3 a.m.—Matins.
7-15 p.m.—Evensong.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service.
Psalm—100 tune 26.
Hymns—242, 227 and 164.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalm—13 v 3 tune 122.
Hymns—52, 125 and 12.
Te Deum—Jackson.
Collection for the Bombay Bible Women's Association.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.

(Colaba Causeway.)

8 a.m.—Parade Service by Rev. W. Sead.
6 p.m.—Missionary Sermon by Mr R Blackmore.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 to 9-30 p.m.—Social Hour.
(Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla.)
9-30 a.m.—Morning Service by Mr R Blackmore.
6 p.m.—Evening Service by Rev. W. Sead.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—187, 319 and 254.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—193, 195 and 477.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Choral Eucharist
10 a.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by Father Nicholson.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.

(Marina Time)

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Eucharist,
8-30 a.m.—Matins and Sermon,
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

THE OBJECT OF THIS ADVERTISEMENT is to introduce to you a simple system of forwarding packages Home and which

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"*" All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1902.

MR. CHAUNCEY DEPEW ON LONDONERS.

IT is not always pleasant to see ourselves as others see us. But Mr. Chauncey M. Depew's impressions of London and Londoners in Coronation year, in the October number of the "Pall Mall," form agreeable reading. Mr. Depew is what Mr. Jefferson Brick called "one of the most remarkable men in our country." His countrymen regard him as a personage, an institution. No gathering in New York, it is said, would be complete without him and no public dinner there worth eating unless he was foremost among the post-prandial orators. Mr. Chauncey M. Depew is president of the New York Central Railway, a man of culture, a graduate and LL.D. of Yale. He is a great traveller and a cosmopolitan, almost as well-known in London and in the principal European capitals as he is in New York. Although a Yankee to the back-bone first, he can see good in others and does not regard Europe as effete. London, he tells us, is always the same to the veteran visitor, but Coronation London was to him a surprise. "I have witnessed many celebrations which aroused patriotic interest and enthusiasm both at home and abroad. I saw the processions and ceremonies of the fiftieth and sixtieth anniversaries of the reign of Queen Victoria," he says, "the difference between them and the Coronation display and feelings seemed like realisation and satisfaction with the one and abounding hope and joy with the other. The latter inspires more enthusiasm and livelier demonstrations." No ruler ever had such visible signs of his popularity with his people as King Edward VII. Mr. Depew assures us that he never witnessed such universal decoration. He admits that criticism of the taste and judgment of the loyal efforts of the people would be easy, but out of place. It is not given to everyone to decorate himself—to dress well—much less to decorate a house or a street with artistic taste, and as Mr. Depew asserts, from an artistic standpoint, municipal conceptions of expressing sentiment and welcome are usually a succession of horrors in form and colour. It is well to bear this in mind locally in view of coming events that the decorations and illuminations so far as possible may be guided by one master hand. If this cannot be we must not be too hard on the decorators. The only way to meet these efforts, Mr. Depew thinks, is to extend to them the charity asked for in the well-known sign over the music-stand in the dance-hall at Leadville; "Don't shoot the fiddler—he is doing the best he can." It cannot be denied that earnest enthusiasm, pride, and pleasure were all in evidence in the lavishness of the display. There was more than enough of excellent taste and skill in the structures and decorations to counterbalance crudities and vulgarities, and the jeers of the hypercritical were really in much worse taste than the decorations.

Mr. Depew gives us an instructive study of the crowds in the streets, a surging sea of people and drivers of coaches, cabs, and buses vainly seeking an outlet. The police seemed helpless, and the situation was suggestive of epithet and assault; but women and the weak were perfectly safe. With good natured banter and chaff all were helpful; and then the untangling of one crowd was succeeded by a succession of similar experiences so long as the Coronation route was adhered to, but the result was increasing cheerfulness and patience. It is easy, Mr. Depew conceives, under such uncomfortable conditions for irritations to arise, conflicts ensue, and the throng to become a mob. In most continent l cities experience teaches him that the police would be charging and dispersing the crowds and cursing captives and bloody heads constantly in evidence. To the tact of the London policeman the good temper of the crowds must generally be ascribed; indeed the Metropolitan policeman is the envy of every capital. At the same time the British public is an orderly public, a public with a well-balanced mind, philosophical, not phlegmatic. It loves things to be done decently and in order, and when it recognises that nothing is to be gained by excitement it suppresses any inclination to fret and fume, and the consequence is the admirable acquiescence in the inevitable which the foreigner may never hope to acquire. Mr. Depew marvels at the manner in which the crowds made way for carriages with liveried servants on the box and heraldic devices on the panels. Abroad the cry "aristocrat" would be raised and the occupant of the carriage mobbed and insulted. But Mr. Depew recognises the superior intelligence of the British crowd. The carriage and its occupants are part of the show they have come out to see, and they give them right of way lest absence from their appointed place detract from the general effect of the whole. We are not favoured with any comparison between a New York crowd and a London one, because, as Mr. Depew urges, the conditions are so different as to render any comparison impossible. America's "universal and common schools, and compulsory education, her system of manhood suffrage, and the absence of privilege, hereditary or legal—the recognised law that with a few exceptions there are only three generations from shirt-sleeve to shirt-sleeve," he says, make an independent, self-reliant, and ambitious electorate as distinct from a proletariat, and develop an egoistic individuality which cannot be awed or impressed by anybody or anything. It was that spirit which led the driver of a motor-car to run into Mr. Roosevelt's carriage, maim the President, and kill his servant—because he had the right of way.

But Mr. Depew prefers another illustration of what he means. Selecting a peach from the street stand in front of a store in New York, he saw and greeted a recently retired ex-president of the United States who was passing by. As the fruit merchant did not look up, Mr. Depew said "That is President Hayes." "Is it?" replied the shop-keeper, and continued his conversation for the sale of his goods, without taking the slightest notice of the statesman. American heroes are short-lived. The affections of the people are too ephemeral their interest in public affairs spasmodic and their gratitude nil. A British tradesman would have doffed his cap and taken an interested look at the statesman, have addressed him if opportunity presented itself, expressed himself proud too see him, and have offered him Mr. Depew's peach as a tribute to one who had served his country, and himself as one of its people. The sentiment manifested is the outcome of the high moral training imparted by the schools in England. It is the predominating sentiment of a people whose love for their country embraces respect for those who devote their services to its interests and its welfare. It is in every way commendable, and respect for his countrymen is an Englishman's proudest possession. Mr. Depew was well aware of this though he found the attitude of the London crowd towards the King surprising. He marvelled at the unanimity of the cordiality and enthusiasm shown. "The same situation would be impossible in any other country. There would be dissensions on political lines, and part of the people would be hostile or coldly indifferent. . . But the Londoner seems to see in the throne the sovereignty of the State automatically perpetrated. . . The King a sort of saviour of the situation." It is marvellous how much the intelligent American finds to admire and to envy whenever he "invades" England. Everyone of them is forced to admit the superiority of the Mother Country and of her people. Mr. Chauncey Depew has done as much as any one towards fostering that spirit, and in pointing out to his countrymen how much they are behind the people of England both morally and intellectually. He confesses that he always returns home, after visiting London, feeling as if in the world's university he had met the workers who build and educate and who are important factors in the culture, civilisation, and progress of their countries, or whose contributions to the thought or the gaiety of nations makes their acquaintance a valuable acquisition and enjoyable memory. It is delightful, he says, for a while to breathe an atmosphere, where gigantic fortunes and titanic struggles to gain or enlarge them, which form so large a part of American daily reading and conversation, have no place in the programme. Almost Mr. Depew is persuaded to be an Englishman.

THE BALUCHISTAN CENSUS. NOT the least interesting feature of the numbering of the people throughout the Indian empire last year was the success with which the work was carried out in the remote and uncivilized corners of the continent. The report of the census in Baluchistan, written by Mr. R. Hughes-Buller, has just been published, and albeit the results attained were admittedly incomplete and many errors have to be allowed for, the work accomplished was of a remarkable nature. There was an attempt at a partial census in 1891, but the enumeration last year was really the first systematic effort to carry out a regular census in Baluchistan. Not all the area of the country could, however, be included in the operations, Western Sibjrani, Mekran, and the desert tracts of Kharan having to be omitted for political considerations. Still as Mr. Hughes-Buller observes, it is a matter of exceptional interest that it should have been found possible to take a census of so uncivilized a country as Baluchistan within a quarter of a century of the beginning of the British occupation; and it is not surprising that a member of the Indian Civil Service regards the fact as a tribute to British administrative methods. The work of enumeration was carried on under circumstances of great difficulty, among a people of wild and undisciplined habits and suspicious of the proceedings; yet there was no friction between the population and the enumerators. For this happy result credit is given to the Extra Assistant Commissioner, Mr. Ganpat Rai, whose tact, along with that of the district enumerators, enabled the census to proceed smoothly. Many of the people believed that the numbering was but the prelude to the imposition of a poll tax, while others thought the information was required for purposes of conscription. After the misgivings of certain chiefs in the Jhalawan country on these points had been allayed there came to them invitations to subscribe to the Victoria Memorial, and it is suggestive of the way in which the scheme for the National Valhalla is regarded in many quarters that one of the Jhalawan chiefs turned round upon the unfortunate census enumerator and accused him of bad faith on the ground that his ability to pay a subscription would be gauged by the number of persons in his tribe. Among the numerous facts of value revealed by the enumeration was that the tribe is a political rather than an ethnic unit. Mr. Hughes-Buller points out that common blood feud is the criterion of tribal unity. Associated with each tribe are certain subject races who cultivate and perform menial duties and who do not participate in the bond of blood feud. The tribe, we are told, is composed of two classes, over-lords, who participate in good and ill, and villeins, who do not. The failure of the Extra Assistant Commissioner to recognise the political nature of the tribal bond has lessened the value of the papers in some degree, but on the whole the results achieved entitle the officials concerned to congratulation.

THE HEALTH OF THE CITY. UNFORTUNATELY the great improvement recently manifested in the health of the city has not been kept up, and week by week the death rate of the city has slowly risen. Last week the figures were as high as 49; this week the rate of mortality has reached 52·46 per thousand per annum, 783 deaths having been recorded during the seven days ended Tuesday last. The causes for this increased rate are fairly obvious. In the first place there has been a considerable recrudescence of plague, and, secondly, the number of deaths from diseases of the respiratory organs, which for weeks past has been on the increase, still shows no signs of abatement, and, indeed, is larger than it has been since the commencement of the monsoon season. Otherwise, so far as deaths from other diseases are concerned, the health of the city is normal. Moreover, although the increase in mortality has been so rapid recently it is still satisfactory to note that last week's figure is considerably below the rate for the corresponding week in last year, and also for the average for the same period in the past five years. Plague increased from 75 in the previous week to 112, a state of affairs which is certainly not encouraging, although, considering past experience in Bombay, not surprising, It, however, shows that precaution is still necessary. Last year the total for the corresponding week was 206, and the five years' average is 132. Mandvi, which has always been the scene of the greatest virulence of the scourge, recorded 21 deaths, a figure which does not fall far short of the total number of fatal cases for the whole of the city a few weeks ago. Dongri reported 16 deaths and Umarkhadi 10. In other districts no higher total than seven was registered. One of the most alarming features of the week's statistics was the prevalence of diseases of the chest. Respiratory diseases other than phthisis were responsible for no less than 177 deaths. In Umarkhadi, Dongri, Mandvi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talav, Kumbharwada, Byculla, and Warli lung diseases were particularly active. The season, which is always conducive to an increase in pulmonary complaints, hardly seems to be sufficient explanation of the abnormal character of the figures, which are almost double those for the corresponding period of last year, and forty more than the five years' average. Phthisis, however, continues to wear a more satisfactory aspect, the number of deaths during the week amounting to 61 as compared with 100 and 120, the figure for the corresponding week in last year and the average for the five years, respectively. The continued disparity between these figures, however, makes it extremely probable that the difference is not so much due to actual facts as to faulty registration. Fevers accounted for only 81 deaths as compared with 170 last year and a five years' average of 114 This is a very satisfactory sign. The most unhealthy portions of the city are undoubtedly Dongri, Second Nagpada, and Mandvi. There were three deaths amongst Europeans, and this was equivalent to a death rate among the community of 12·71 per mille per annum.

THE CROPS IN THE PRESIDENCY. THROUGHOUT Sind and Guzerat monsoon conditions appear to have ceased, and no rain fell during the week ended on Tuesday. In other parts of the Presidency of Bombay rain continues to fall. Although throughout Sind the water supply appears to be greatly deficient in view of the time of the year, the reports received from that province are not wholly discouraging. In Karachi agriculturists are now very busy. The sowing of the potato crop continues, and jowari and bajri is being sown in the Barani tracts. The rice crop appears to have come on well and is now in ears, and harvesting has commenced. The standing jowari and bajri crops are also ready for harvesting. In Sukkar the sowing of the kharif crop is now completed, and the jowari and bajri fields are also approaching maturity. The rice crop is doing badly, and the late crop is beginning to wither. In Larkhana similar operations are progressing, but the crops are in better condition, with the exception of the kharif sowings which are withering in many talukas owing to a lack of sufficient moisture. In Hyderabad the harvesting of jowari and bajri has commenced, and all the crops (including rice and cotton) are doing well. The bajri and rice crops are also flourishing on the Upper Sind frontier, although jowari and til are suffering from the ravages of insects. Preparations for rabi cultivation have commenced. In Thar and Parkar, although water seems to be very deficient, the state of things recorded is not unsatisfactory, with the exception of some damage to standing crops by rats and locusts. Nowhere in Sind was any rain received during the week. In Guzerat conditions appear to be very favourable. Ahmedabad reports a cessation of rain, which, considering the excessive downfalls recorded recently, was much required. In the Panch Mahals, where the rain has also stopped, a sufficient quantity of moisture has now been received. The same remark applies to Kaira and Broach, and in Surat where some rain was received during the week more is still required for the rice and other standing crops. Everywhere in Guzerat the crops promise very well; there is a sufficiency of fodder, and the prices of food grains appear to have fallen. In the Konkan too conditions are fairly satisfactory although in Kolaba the rainfall is generally deficient. In the Deccan a few scattered showers fell. Harvesting has commenced in Khandesh, Nasik, and Poona. More rain is needed in Nasik for the standing crops, but elsewhere there seems to be very little deficiency in the water supply. In Sholapur, Satara, Eijapur, and Belgaum, and, indeed, all over the Southern Mahratta country, fairly good rain fell, and everywhere the crops seem to be in good condition.

WE are informed that His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, the nephew of His Majesty the King-Emperor, is coming out to the Delhi Durbar, and will be the guest of His Excellency the Viceroy.

THE Madras Pearl-fishery steamer Marianess, Captain Baddley, sailed yesterday for Tuticorin.

THE Select Committee on the Civil Procedure Code Bill will meet in Calcutta about the 17th proximo.

It is reported from Lahore that Nasrullah Khan brother of the Amir of Afghanistan, is making arrangements with a view to attending the Delhi Coronation Darbar.

THE plague returns for the week ending on the 4th instant show 10,178 deaths, against 9,276 in the week preceding. The principal figures are: Bombay Districts 7,780 against 7344; Mysore State 1122 against 1094; United Provinces 736 against 745; Madras Presidency 385 against 322; Punjab 210 against 122. In the United Provinces 653 deaths occurred in Cawnpore City. Plague is making headway in Bellary District, Madras where 252 deaths were reported in the week.

IN the Judicial enquiry into the stranding of the Nitbdale, the Nautical Assessors said:—We consider great credit is due to the Master, Captain Hadden, for the manner in which he got the Nitbsdale off the reef, and took her to a safe anchorage and also in bringing her to Colombo. And also that the Chief Officer, Mr. Duncan, deserves great credit for coming to Colombo, a distance of over 400 miles, in a ship's life boat, during the S. W. Monsoon, to make the stranding known and also to get assistance.

MR. W. Booth, M.A., Director of Public Instruction in Assam, is instituting an experiment which seems deserving of notice. In a recent notification of his department he calls for the services of half-a-dozen young able-bodied wealthy "gurus" (teachers) of good physique to undergo a course of three months' training in physical exercises at Jubbulpur in the Central Provinces. On their return the men are to be employed as peripatetic teachers of the rudiments of gymnastics and physical drills in all schools under the Assam Educational Department.

SENOR VALDEZ, the editor of the Manila journal "Miau," was found guilty of libel on the 11th Sept, and sentenced to confinement at hard labor for a period of six months, and to pay a fine of two thousand dollars. Senor Valdez republished an article in the weekly issue of "Miau," for which he was tried and found guilty under the old Spanish law and sentenced accordingly. Believing that under the present law he would have the privilege of proving the statements, which privilege was not allowed under the former law, the article was reproduced and a suit was at once brought against him with the above results. The case has been appealed to the Supreme Court.

THE ladrones of Tayabas, province of Luzon, are following the same old superstitious idea so often repeated about Aguinaldo in the early days of the insurrection (says the "Manila Times"). They have a leader who, they claim, is a direct descendant from God, and that nothing earthly can harm him or break up his government. This descendant of God, whose name is Rios, is making life interesting in that section for the inhabitants, as he has about thirty guns and one hundred and fifty bolomen who are active in carrying out his orders, also several hundred men who are in sympathy with the move as a reserve for him to fall back on.

AMONG the many curious Durbar rumours to which newspapers of the less responsible sort are giving currency, says the "Civil and Military Gazette," is one which alleges that "the order of precedence of the Cis and Trans-Sutlej State Chiefs has been altered so as to place Bahawalpur before Patiala, Mundi before Kapurthala, and Jhind after Kapurthala." It is added that emissaries from Native States interested are trying to prevent the carrying out of this new order of precedence, while the sensation among the natives is really prodigious. We are in a position to state positively that the rumour is entirely untrue.

DR. HENRY VAN DYKE tells a story of an old Irishman who was engaged in the business of chicken raising. One day a traveller expressed surprise at the use of so much meal at feeding-time, and suggested that it be mixed with sawdust, insisting that the hens would not know the difference. A few months later the traveller, being again in the district asked if the new diet had been tried, and what the result had been. "It works beautifully," was the reply. "See that old yellow hen? Well, I tried her on half-and-half, and she liked it so well that I changed it all to to sawdust, and the last time she hatched, three of the chicks had wooden legs, and a fourth was a woodpecker."

THE proprietor of the famous San Francisco "News Letter" has been shot. In England, says the "Daily Graphic," if one man shoots another with intent to murder he does not expect to be let out on bail. In California he is not only given his temporary freedom, as in the present case, but as a rule if he can show some substantial grievance, he is ultimately acquitted, even if he has succeeded in killing his victim outright. A classic instance in San Francisco was the killing of the brother of the proprietor of the Chronicle many years ago by the son of a man whom he had himself shot at and wounded in cold blood; but there have been many other examples since then, some of them of very recent date. Only last year a man who deliberately walked into his lawyer's office and shot him dead was acquitted by the jury, after listening to an account of the way in which the murderer's interests had suffered in the hands of his victim.

WHILE the Indian Coronation Contingent were in England, Mr. J. Gray took a number of anthropometric measurements of them. The Contingent divided it

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY)

THE EDUCATION BILL.

THE BIRMINGHAM CORRESPONDENT.

CHAMBERLAIN'S THREAT.

GOVERNMENT WILL RESIGN IF DEFEATED.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

The Unionist Conference has been held at Birmingham, the subject of the Conference being the Education Bill.

Mr. Chamberlain, presiding, declared that the Government would not withdraw the Bill. If the Government did so, its credit would suffer so much that it would no longer be worthy to represent the Nation.

If the Bill were defeated, which he did not think possible, the Government would resign.

The remainder of the proceedings were private, but an authorised statement declares that the tone of the meeting was entirely loyal.

The suggestion that the Bill would lead to a Unionist disruption was viewed with almost unanimous disfavour.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 10.

The "Englishman's" London correspondent cables:—

The Extra Parliamentary campaign against the Education Bill is now in full swing and is daily increasing in acerbity. All parties are agreed that a severe fight in Parliament is likely.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

PLAGUE IN YOKOHAMA.

LONDON, OCT. 10.

Several plague cases have occurred in Yokohama.

THE MACEDONIAN REVOLT.

INSURGENTS DISPERSED.

The Turks have dispersed a Bulgarian Band in Macedonia. Four columns were engaged in a combined movement against the insurgents.

AFFAIRS IN IRELAND.

IRISH M. P. SAIL FOR AMERICA.

A FUND COLLECTING TOUR.

PROSECUTION OF MR. KILBRIDE.

Messrs. John Redmond, John D. Dillon, and Michael Davitt have sailed for America to attend the United Irish League Convention at Boston. Messrs Dillon and Davitt will tour through the chief cities and States to collect funds.

Mr. Kilbride, ex Member of Parliament has been committed for trial at Athlone on a charge of inciting to murder.

THE U. S. COAL STRIKE.

THE PROPOSED COMMISSION.

PRESIDENT'S OFFER REJECTED.

LONDON, OCT. 9.

Mitchell, the leader of the Miners, has rejected the offer made by President Roosevelt to appoint a commission to investigate the dispute.

THE COAL STRIKE IN FRANCE.

SEVENTY THOUSAND MEN OUT.

Seventy thousand out of 120,000 French miners have already obeyed the order of their National Committee to strike.

THE KAISER AND THE BOER GENERALS.

THE INTENDED AUDIENCE.

GERMAN PRESS OPINIONS.

The "Berlin Presse" is extremely disgusted, with [illegible] regarding the audience with the Kaiser. "Tageblatt" says that in the event of anti-[illegible] demonstrations the Government may eject [illegible] as noxious foreigners.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 10.

The "Englishman" special cablegram, dated the 8th instant, states:—

"The Cologne Gazette" says it is unknown [illegible] the Boer Generals addressed a request to the Ambassador for an audience with the Kaiser, but they did so, his reply has not been made [illegible]

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE JAPANESE LOAN.

THREE TIMES COVERED.

LONDON, OCT. 9.

The Japanese loan has been closed. It was covered about three times. Many private investors applied.

THE TRANSVAAL.

IMPORT DUTIES ON MACHINERY ABOLISHED.

FALL IN FOOD PRICES.

The Transvaal duties on machinery, building materials, metals, and agricultural implements have been abolished.

There have been great reductions in the price of foodstuffs, fodder, and other necessaries.

THE REMOUNT ENQUIRY.

GENERAL TRUMAN EXONERATED.

A "WHITEWASHING" REPORT.

The Remount Enquiry Report declares that notwithstanding severe criticism the department has achieved extraordinary success during the war. It exonerates General Truman who with his entire staff performed their work in a praiseworthy manner.

The Report emphasises the unprecedented demand and other difficulties whereby the Department was handicapped.

The "Westminster Gazette" severely criticises the report, and describes it as a classic in whitewash literature.

THE WAR COMMISSION.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

The "Times" announces that Lord Strathcona and Sir F. Darley, Chief Justice of New South Wales, have been added to the War Commission.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, OCT. 9.

The Bombay mails of the 27th ultimo arrived at Brindisi to-day.

EXCISE ADMINISTRATION IN ASSAM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT,)

CALCUTTA, OCT 10

The Officiating Chief Commissioner of Assam has issued a circular asking for opinions on the liquor shops and the excise administration in Assam.

MR. H. SCOTT-LESLIE.

As has been previously announced Mr. H. Scott-Leslie, the well-known society entertainer, will give an entertainment to-night at Watson's Hotel. A glance at the programme, the gist of which is advertised in another column, will be sufficient to show that the entertainment is well worth attending. Mr. Leslie leaves Bombay very shortly, and will not appear before a Bombay audience again previous to his departure.

THE IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

YESTERDAY'S MEETING.

THE IMMIGRATION BILL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 10.

In presenting the reports of the Select Committees on the Immigration Bill and the Central Provinces Sanitation Bill in the Viceroy's Council to-day, the Hon. Mr. Ibbetson said no changes of importance had been made in the Central Provinces measure, and only one in connection with the Immigration Bill, namely, to extend the protection it afforded to domestic servants when taken out of the country by agents. It was not, he explained, the intention to interfere with ordinary contracts made direct between employers and their servants; but a case had arisen since the introduction of the Bill, in which an agent in Bombay had been arranging to convey domestic servants as a speculation to South Africa, and it was thought desirable that the measure should apply to those so engaged. Mr. Ibbetson announced that he would ask permission to bring up both measures at the next meeting of the Council to be discussed and passed.

The meeting then adjourned to Friday, the 24th instant.

THE JABBULPORE GUN CARRIAGE FACTORY.

APPOINTMENT FOR A BOMBAY MAN.

SIMLA, OCT. 10.

Mr. Cruickshank, Chief Mechanical Engineer at the Gun Carriage Factory, Bombay, has been selected for a similar appointment in the new Jubbulpore Factory, and proceeds home for eight months training in England, Mr. Utting, Assistant Mechanical Engineer officiating.

THE PROPOSED IMPERIAL STUD DEPARTMENT.

A report having got abroad that appointments for outside officers are likely to become available in the proposed Imperial Stud Department in India, it may be stated that the question of the organisation of such a department has not yet been decided, and that if organised it will probably be officered in all branches from the army in India.

THE DELHI DURBAR MANŒUVRES

LORD KITCHENER UMPIRE-IN-CHIEF.

NOMINATION OF OTHER OFFICERS.

SIMLA, OCT 10.

Lord Kitchener will be the Director and Umpire-in-Chief at the Delhi Manœuvres, and will have with him as personal staff his Military Secretary, an Interpreter, and an Aide-de-Camp. The general staff will comprise Major-General Smith Dorrien, Captain C. H. Hood Major-General Henry, Colonels C. E. Wooltcombe and G. D. Stawell, Major G. D. S Borrow, Colonel H. F. Lyons Montgomery, Lieutenant W. Aves, Majors W. R. Yeilding and A. L Phillips, Captain W. de L. Williams, and Major R H. Ewart.

The Chief Umpire and his personal staff will be for the Northern Army General Sir R. Low with Major Baynes as Assistant Military Secretary, and Lieutenants A. F. Williams and C. S. Sandys a Aide-de-Camps; and for the Southern Army Lieutenant General Sir Bindon Blood, with Major C. P. Campbell as Assistant Military Secretary and two aide-de-Camps. The Umpires will be, for the Northern Army, Major-Generals Sir R. Westmacott and A. G. Creagh, Brigadier-Generals R. Purdy and G. Richardson, Colonels E. E Lawford, F. J. Aylmer, and H. N. McKae; and for the Southern Army Major-Generals Sir A. Gaselee and F. W. Kitchener, Brigadier-Generals E. G. Bingham and H. P. Leach, Colonel W. B Capper, and Lieutenant-Colonel G. F. N. Tinley. The Assistant Umpires will be, for the Northern Army, Lieutenant-Colonels Powell, 1st Gurkhas; Parkinson, Hamshire Regiment; Hallett, Royal Scots; Ramsay 24th Punjab Infantry; O'Donnell 52nd Gurkhas; J. H. E. Reid F H. Kelly, and R. Eccles, Oxford Light Infantry; Mackenzie Kennedy 1st Madras Pioneers, and Pierce, 3rd Bombay Infantry; Major Reid, 2nd Madras Lancers; C. T. Robinson, Royal Artillery; C. P. Fendall, Royal Artillery; Norie, 2nd Gurkhas; Alexander 7th Bengal Lancers; and W. L. Farmar, Royal Artillery. Also Captain; Doveton, 16th Bengal Lancers; Bliss, Cameronians and R. L. Haymes, Royal Artillery; and for the Southern Army, Lieutenant-Colonels Bradley, 5th Madras Infantry; Trench, West Ridings; Wallace 27th Punjab Infantry; Peyton, 15th Hussars; A. J. Keene, Royal Artillery; Welchman, 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent; Curry, Lincolnshire Regiment; T. England, Royal Fusiliers Major Bowen, Royal Scots Fusiliers; Grantham, 3rd Bombay Cavalry; Daubeny, Staffs; D. P. Birch Royal Artillery; Sutton, 16th Madras Infantry; McKay, 40th Punjab Infantry; Aitken, 19th Bombay Infantry; and Savage, 3rd Gurkhas. Also Captain Engledue, Royal West Surreys. The Umpire and Camp Commandants are, for the Northern Army, Major H. E. Stanton, Royal Artillery; and for the Southern Army Captain C. Bailey, 16th Bengal Lancers.

Major Wyville Thompson, I. M. S., and Lieutenant Magniac, R. E. are gazetted for duty in connection with the Delhi Coronation Durbar.

It has been decided to attach three Roman Catholic chaplains to the forces taking part in the Delhi Manœuvres, namely, two to the Northern Army and one to the Southern, the nominations to be made by the Archbishop of Agra.

The services have also been applied for from the Punjab Government of two civil officers for attachment to the staffs of the General Officers Commanding the opposing forces at the Delhi Manœuvres.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Veterinary Captain W. F. Shore has been appointed to Army Remount Department.

Lieutenant-Colonel Borgess has vacated his appointment in the Military Accountants Department under the 52 years' rule.

Lieut. Blair, 9th Bombay Infantry, is admitted to the Staff Corps.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Sub.-Lieut. E. J. Constant to be Lieutenant.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors J. Balfour and A. Wilmer have been appointed to Lieutenant-Colonels.

Lieutenant C. Wigram has been appointed Captain.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Majors A. Leahy, R. Weir, R. Davis, W Neilson W. Burke, and J. Crimmin have been nominated Lieutenant-Colonels.

Lieutenant Colonel W. E. Griffiths, I. M. S., has been permitted to retire from the 6th January next.

OBITUARY.

MR. G. S. MOOLJI.

We regret to announce that Mr. Gordhundas Soonderdas Mooljі, the head of the firm of Messrs. Mooljі, Jetha and Co., the well-known merchants and mill-owners of Bombay, died yesterday morning at his residence in Vithalwadi. The deceased gentleman had been suffering for some time from fever, and during his illness he was attended by Dr. Childe, Dr. Sir Bhalchandra, and Dr. Popat Prabhuram, but despite the skillful medical treatment he received, he gradually sank.

Mr. Gordhundas held a high position in his own community. He had been Secretary to the Halai Mahajan caste for the past eight years. In this capacity he had worked hard to reconcile the strained relations between the progressive and the orthodox members of his own community, among whom there has been much agitation of late with regard to two vexed questions concerning the ex-communication of those members who have contracted marriages with girls belonging to Hurdwar in the United Provinces. During his life time the deceased gentleman performed many benevolent acts, giving largely in the way of charities from his princely fortune.

Out of respect to his memory the Mooljі Jetha Cloth Market, the mills managed by the firm of the deceased, and the offices of Messrs. Mooljі, Jetha and Co. were closed yesterday.

"FROM PEKING TO SSUCHUAN."

LECTURE BY COL. MANIFOLD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 10,

Lieutenant-Colonel Manifold, I. M. S., lectured before the United Service Institute at Simla this evening on his adventurous journey from Peking to Ssuchuan, made in company with Captain Hunter, R. E

Presiding at the lecture, General Barrow spoke highly of the intrepidity and energy of the lecturer and of his companion, Captain Hunter, who had between them not only traversed 4,500 miles of the most difficult country a distance by road equivalent to that from Calcutta to Peshawar and thence by Bombay and Tuticorin, and back to Calcutta, but had actually made a survey of the whole distance, which meant twenty miles a day. General Barrow went on to dwell upon the marvellous openings which China offered for British capital and enterprise—openings which were greater than those India afforded, and he regretted the extent to which, owing perhaps partly to commercial and partly to political disturbances, we had allowed ourselves to be forestalled by foreign nations. To whatever extent, however, he added, we may have lost ground commercially and politically, there was no doubt that personally British prestige stands high, for throughout, the length and breadth of China have spread the good reputation won by representatives of Great Britain in recent events for humanity and integrity, and sooner or later this would bring its reward.

The following is the text of the lecture delivered:—

The two travellers left Peking in September last year, immediately after the Chinese had agreed to the payment of the indemnity, and when the allied forces were still in possession of Peking. British influence, therefore, stood high, and Colonel Manifold and his companion were not wrong in thinking that this would be sufficient to ensure their protection in spite of the disturbed state of the country. The party included Mr. Harris who acted as interpreter, two trained Rookee sarrapes, six Gurkhas, four Indian servants, and twenty mules. For the first hundred miles the route was by train on the recently re-constructed railway to Paoting-fu. This place they found in an excited state, the current rumour being that the French had evacuated it only because they were compelled to do so by superior Chinese force.

Colonel Manifold describes the railway as a magnificent project which will eventually be continued to Canton, tapping the commerce of the great water ways which it crosses en route, and opening up the rich mineral districts of Shansi which contain some of the finest coal and iron beds in the world. It is actually under construction for 250 miles from either end, and it is to be regretted that Great Britain has no share in it, although both its conception and its inception were due to the genius and perseverance of an Englishman, Mr. Kinder, now manager of the Pekin Tientsin Shan Hai Kwan lines. Mr. Kinder went out to China as engineer of the Tongshan collieries and commenced his railway project in the face of immense difficulties by building a tram line to convey coal to the nearest port. Out of this grew the idea of the Pekin Tientsin railway, worked by the Chinese Government as a China line but owned and run by British capital under British supervision and staff, with head office in London. This proved so great a success that Kinder proposed the construction of a great trunk line across China to be run on the same methods. He actually commenced work upon the project, but money was not forthcoming, and the concession for the northern half was ultimately acquired by a combination of the Russo-Chinese Bank, which is little else than a Russian State concern financed for political purposes, and of a Belgian and French syndicate. Kinder thus had the mortification of seeing the project handed over to foreign rivals. The Russians were so impressed, however, with what he had done that they carried off his little handmade engine, the first that ran on his tram line, and have deposited it in the St. Petersburg Museum, as a memento of an era in the history of the Far East. The northern section of the railway from Pekin to Hankow will take, Col. Manifold thinks, some seven years to build, owing to the heavy bridging necessary. The southern section from Hankow to Canton is vastly easier. The highest point it has to cross on its way to the sea is only a thousand feet high, and this with easy grading. The concession for the southern section was given, with British approval, to an American syndicate, which has commenced work both from Canton and from the Tungting Lake on the Yangtse, about a hundred miles from Hankow. Forty per cent of the shares, however, are said to be in Belgian hands which, in China, too often means that France and Russia are pulling the strings. Colonel Manifold looks upon this railway as of enormous importance in connection with the future development of the country, for whoever controls it will influence also the great hinter lands it traverses. The fact that this line is not British means, besides, that several millions worth of rolling stock will be purchased for it during the next ten years elsewhere than in England.

From Paoting the party marched fifty miles to Chinting, a town of some 6,000 inhabitants, which contains the remains of a fine Buddhist monastery, also a large Christian community. Proceeding onward to Weihui they came across numbers of French Roman catholic churches occupying the best land, the Abbots possessing extraordinary influence and power besides receiving a large portion of the land revenue. Other features noticed were the respect with which the name of General Gordon was still regarded by the people in this part of China, and the extraordinary obedience shown to the Chinese officials. Colonel Manifold was told in this region that the Boxer movement had originated in the resentment felt at the extent to which these French missionaries had afforded protection to Chinese criminals who were in the habit of declaring themselves Christians in order to escape punishment. Whatever truth there may have been in this story, it had not interfered with the great influence exercised by these clerics. Colonel Manifold, indeed, attributes the friendliness shown to him by the inhabitants and the hospitability extended to him by the Mandarins as largely due to his party being taken for one of priests. He concludes that their recent troubles have impressed the Chinese with the necessity of playing up to the missionaries.

The Yellow River was afterward crossed, and Colonel Manifold notices the extraordinary destruction of human life and the devastation of the country caused by this river's periodical changing of its bed. Forty million people he heard had been washed away or starved, owing to its inundations fifteen years ago, the floods rendering vast areas of cultivated land sterile, by covering it with sand. An immense amount of money is being spent in endeavouring to keep the stream within its present bed, but in places it still spreads over so wide an area that boats drawing twenty inches can barely navigate it. Where the party crossed the stream was 2 1-2 miles wide and only 3 1-2 feet deep. On the other side was the city of Kaifengfu, one of the ancient capitals of China situated in a region of great fertility. This place has a great reputation for hostility to foreigners, but Colonel Manifold was lucky in his treatment, the principal fact he records being the great curiosity with which his party was regarded. The Governor was courtesy itself. Like another Chinese official with whom Colonel Manifold came in contact, he referred to the recent troubles as having been the work of a few disaffected rebels whom the Emperor had now punished. The people generally, however, appeared to realise that the allies had occupied Peking and had inflicted heavy punishment upon the Chinese nation. In the remotest villages where no foreigners had ever before been, the elders used to ask Colonel Manifold about it, and there was none of the self-deception which was so noticeable after the Japanese war, when it was honestly believed throughout the length and breadth of China that the Emperor had accepted the submission of the barbarians and permitted them to depart unpunished. Colonel Manifold also noticed that wherever he went the people contrasted the humanity of the British, Japanese, and American troops with the brutalities they had been subjected to by the other allies.

Further on Colonel Manifold entered the Loess country which owes its fertility to deposits of yellow loam, sometimes a thousand feet thick, supposed to have been formed by ages of dust blown from Central Asia.

The deposit is intersected by crevices miles in length, which make travelling difficult, but is of extraordinary agricultural value, producing two and sometimes three crops in the year, and supporting an enormous population which lives largely in excavations in the Loess. The subterranean dwellings are comfortably furnished inside, and warm in winter and cool in summer. The roads were found to be narrow tracks sunk deep into the soil, and it was impossible to travel over the land on either side. This subjected the party to more danger than would otherwise have been the case from the bands of soldiery who formed the escort of the court, then on its way back to Peking. These soldiers were often to be met unexpectedly and were far from friendly, but the party came to no particular harm from them though it was necessary, on the occasion, to halt for some days on the banks of the Yellow river. Colonel Manifold and his companions were ultimately allowed to skirt the town of Hosafu and were accommodated, on the other side, in the very best house the Dowager Empress had last vacated. These rest houses were dotted four miles from each other along the road, for the accommodation of the royal party. The funds for building had been furnished to a large extent voluntarily by local mandarins desirous of winning Imperial favours. One of them, which colonel Manifold went over, which was like hundreds of others along the route, had cost a sum equivalent to forty thousand rupees. It contained silk hangings, four poster beds with mother a' pearl inlaying, and mirrors, jade plaques, and evergreen chrysanthemum, to complete the decorations.

Beyond Hosafu the country was quiet and Colonel Manifold and Captain Hunter separated, it being no longer necessary to keep together for mutual protection, the latter travelling northwards to the bend of the Yellow river at Tungkuan, the former proceeding up the Lo valley to the main road to the Hsian fu. Mountainous country had now been reached, the passes being from 3,000 to 4,000 feet high. The sole road leading out of the Wei river valley and conveying the whole of the traffic between Peking and South Western China was here found to pass beneath the walls of the great fortress of Tung kuan which is of great political importance.

Colonel Manifold eventually made his way to Hosien-fu, the place to which the court fled on the occupation of Peking. Here he met a European medical missionary who had acquired immense influence amongst the people, and was full of the change for the better which had come over the mandarins in their attitude towards the missionaries.

The next big city reached was Sian fu, in the very heart of Western China, where Colonel Manifold found an interesting monument on which was engraved in Chinese Syrian characters a record of the introduction of Christianity into China by the Nestorians, the inscription stating that the Nestorian Olopwan of the Syrian church came from Judea to China in A. D. 636 "after having escaped great dangers by sea and land." The party afterward made their way, by routes hitherto untravelled by Europeans, across the Chin ling range and down to the Yangtse basin.

Of the Yangtse region Colonel Manifold speaks enthusiastically alike as regards its great agricultural and mineral wealth, its numerous industries, and dense population. He says it is not a case of waking up the British capitalist and investor to the advantages of developing it. He holds that if capital and enterprise are forthcoming there will be no difficulty establishing British preponderance in this m[illegible] region to which our gunboats already [illegible] for two thousand miles up the [illegible] "gunboats alone will not develop [illegible]," and no sane man wants a yard of Chinese territory to pass out of the hands of the Chinese, but we do want to see our mercantile interest firmly established, and big enterprises, in British hands, opening up this rich Upper Yangtse country at once—a country so rich in resources and population that enterprises, once started, must pay. It is capable of a development that would cause it to take ten times the trade that it does now from us." He added the warning that "if enterprise is not forthcoming soon there is great danger that we may find other nations have established railways and mining interests so firmly in the richest portions of this region that they will be able to assert a right of developing them entirely in their own interests, and keep us excluded."

At the close of the lecture Colonel Manifold was warmly applauded, and the gathering dispersed.

THE HARRIS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT

SEMI FINALS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

POONA, OCT 10.

The semi-finals in the Harris Football Tournament was played to-day at the Gymkhana and Ghorpori grounds between the Royal Scots and the Connaught Rangers on the one hand and the Cheshires and the Warwicks on the other. The resulting game were as widely sundered as the poles at the Gymkhana. The Scots had little more than a walk over game. At Ghorpori it was quite the opposite of this, as the Cheshires and the Warwicks fought out the issue tooth and nail, and the latter were only defeated after a most plucky fight. The match between the Royal Scots and the Cheshires was practically in procession. From the start the Royal Scots got away. Though the first attack was repelled, a timely pass from the left wing enabled the centre forward to score the first goal within three minutes. Ten minutes later, during most part of which the Connaughts were pinned in, the centre forward headed the ball in the second time, and soon afterwards added a third goal. A fourth goal was made by the same forward, and the whistle sounded. Score—Scots four goals to Connaught Rangers nil.

The second half for a time was better contested, and the Scots though pressing were unable to get through. The Connaughts made one or two attempts to break away, but their backing was feeble, and they never came to anything. The outside left came forward and scored a fifth goal. Three goals followed in quick succession, and the Scots won by eight goals to nil.

The second match was between the Warwicks and the Cheshires. The former were the early aggressors, and a good run might have been crowned with success, but the centre forward not being well up, the Cheshires were forced to save by kicking over. A foul was claimed, but nothing came out of it. The Warwicks still pressed. Ultimately the Cheshires' stay was admirable and they began to assume the aggressive, but the Warwicks back cleared the ground hands against Hilton, and gave the Cheshire a corner, but the play was quickly transferred, but nothing sure during the half time. On resuming the Cheshires played a vigorous and successful game. James headed the goal for Cheshires continuing to press the attack. Whitehead scored with a fine long shot. The Warwicks then played the game with a different style, but the Cheshires played a better game in the end, and being able to stay better than their opponents they ran out winners by two goals to nil.

The finals now lie between the Royal Scots and the Cheshires and will be played to-morrow.

THE DELHI HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

THE COORG INFATRY WON BY TWO GOALS.

ANOTHER DISTURBANCE.

BANGALORE, OCT. 10.

The Madras Army Hockey Tournament, in view of the Delhi Durbar Tournament, proceeded here last evening and the evening before. The 11th Coorg Infantry and the 16th Madras Infantry teams, whose play resulted in a draw on Tuesday, failed to score on Wednesday again, but last night the Coorgs beat their opponents by two goals to nil. The defeat was not taken by the vanquished team in the proper spirit, a violent, though short-lived, quarrel taking place. The 9th Madras Infantry team have beaten the 22nd Madras Infantry team by six goals to nil.

An unfortunate incident occurred immediately after the match and people thought there was going to be a repetition of the Secunderabad fracas. As the crowds were moving away, some men of the 11th Coorgs carried a comrade, who had played well, shoulder high. The 16th Madras Infantry evidently resented this and one of their men rushed and attacked a Coorg man and knocked him down insensible. Others in the excitement joined in the affray and sent their sticks flying.

The British officers who were moving to the refreshment tent, seeing the confusion, at once realised the situation and some half a dozen of them ran into the crowd and promptly quelled the disturbance.

A quarter guard of the 9th Madras Infantry turned out, but their services were not required. When order was restored the injured Coorg player, who had recovered consciousness, was removed to the hospital.

CRICKET AT MADRAS.

MADRAS v. BANGALORE.

RAIN STOPPED THE GAME.

The Madras vs. Bangalore cricket match opens here in ideal weather to-day. Madras went in first and had scored 150 runs for four wickets at lunch time, Dowing being not out for 68 runs. Resumin play at 3 o'clock, all were out for 216 runs, the principal scores being Dowing 103, McFarlan 43, and Leonard 35. Rain then delayed the Bangalore innings.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

SIMLA, OCTOBER 10.

A correction of the army regulations in India has been approved bringing into force the arrangement which requires medical tiness for active service in officers promoted to Lieutenant-General and Major-General or selected for appointment to Commands, Staff appointments, or command of native regiments or battalions.

The examinations for the appointment of adjutant of the auxiliary forces has been abolished.

Orders on the subject of the proposed changes in the uniform of officers of the Indian Medical Service have not as yet been issued.

Delhi Manœuvre maps will be issued at the points of concentration, namely, Umballa and Delhi, to officers and units detailed for the manœuvres, free of cost.

DEPARTURE OF THE R.I.M.S., CLIVE

The Royal Indian Marine Steamer Clive, Commander A. J. G. Piffard, sails to-day for Karachi, with the troops on board, brought by the Transport Lake Manitoba from South Africa yesterday, and transhipped to this vessel. She conveys the 1st Battalion, Royal Munster Fusiliers, consisting of 16 officers, 2 warrant officers, 501 men, 2 women, and 1 child and 2 officers and 114 men of the Suffolk Regiment, three hospital assistants, seven followers, and 3 chargers. The following are the names of the officers.—

Lieut.-Col C A King-Hall, Major B Chute, Captain J K O'Meagher, Captains H Brown A R B Jarrett, Lieuts H S Jervis, D Wise, J C Dick, and G W Geddes, 2nd Lieut. H C H O'Brien, E P H Henderson, H B I Rye, T J Kennedy, Fitz G B Crosley, Major and Adjutant G D Crocker, Lieut. and Quarter Master J O'Connor, Sergt. Major P Llewsanor, Band Master H Bloy, Major Van Straubenzie and Lieut Sexton Suffolk Regt.

BOXING.

CONTEST AT THE COLABA GYMNASIUM.

THE HEAVY WEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP.

By permission of Brigadier-General Sir James Wilcocks an interesting boxing encounter took place on Thursday night, the contestants being Gunner J. Moir, of the 60th Company, R. G. A., and Lance-Corporal Devine, of the Connaught Rangers. Both men are well used to the ring, and have carried off trophies at Poona and elsewhere. The match was for the Heavyweight Championship of India, of which Moir was the holder, and it arose out of a challenge sent by Devine and accepted by Moir. Both men were in the pink of condition, though Moir stripped better than his opponent. He is of wiry build, a little over medium height, and as he entered the ring on Thursday he had not an ounce of superabundant flesh on him. Devine, although in splendid training, was rather more fleshy. He was slightly taller than his opponent, and had, perhaps, an inch or so advantage in the reach. He is very strong in the legs, but seems to look arm muscle when compared with the holder of the championship.

Round 1.—Both men commenced as though they meant business, and after a little preliminary sparring Moir got in a left hander in the jaw, following it up with the successive punches in the hand, which drove his adversary to the ropes. Devine let out vigorously with his left, and his reach enabled him to get in one or two fairly hard hits, but when time was called Moir planted him one in the ribs which appeared to wind him considerably.

Round 2.—In the second round both men came up smiling, and commenced as though they intended to try knock-out tactics straight away. Moir had the best of the exchanges, and forced the pace. He got in one well delivered punch on the side of the head, which made his man very careful, but the next moment Devine let him have a straight right hander which evened things up a bit. Moir again faced Devine against the ropes, and bya neat upper cut split his adversary's cheek under the left eye. Devine's face was streaming with blood when time was called, and he looked considerably blown.

Round 3.—Moir continued to press his man and evinced a determination to face matters to a knock-out. Devine cut his lip by an upper cut when forced to the ropes, but he was as fresh as ever after, and continued to bear his man down by blow after blow about the head and face. Several times the man came to close quarters, and clinches necessitated the intervention of the referee. Moir planted a blow on the top of the cut on his opponent's cheek, making it bleed profusely, and almost knocking Devine out. Towards the end of the round Devine was completely done and but for the intervention of time would have been knocked out.

Round 4.—Contrary to expectations Devine again came up to the mark, and for a second or two manfully pursued his losing task. A left hander on the chest, however, did his business, he staggered to the ropes and a knock out was declared.

The match was for the best of 15 rounds, but it was never expected by those who were aware of Moir's capabilities that it would last longer than four or five. Indeed, to have carried on the struggle for four rounds under the rain of blows that Moir poured in upon him proves him to have been in very fine training. It will be a long time before Devine can have much chance in a contest with Moir, who is immeasurably the stronger and the cleverer man. It is doubtful whether there exists in India a man who could hope to stand against him for the heavy weight championship.

During the evening several other interesting encounters took place. The programme commenced with an exhibition bout between Private O'Brien of the 2nd Oxford L. I. and Gr. Workman, 60th Co., R. G. A. This was followed by a six round "light weight" contest between Gr. Innes, of the 76th Co., R. G. A., and Private Field, of the 2nd Connaught Rangers. Innes had the advantage both in height and reach, but Workman was very nippy on his feet, and it was obvious that he would prove a dangerous customer. The first round was very even. Innes got in some good work, but failed to follow up his advantages. In the second round both men had got their second wind. Innes let out from the shoulder, and beat his opponent to the ropes. However Workman was very fresh and made Innes' teeth rattle with a stinging upper cut. Both came up cheerfully in the third round, and though Innes was breathing rather hard he stuck to his work well, and for most of the round had the advantage. Just before time Workman got a swinging blow on the ribs which made his opponent giant. Clinches were frequent. The remaining three rounds were only of a minute's duration each. Workman hit out in the 4th round, and Innes was looking rather groggy about the eyes. In the fifth round there were numerous clinches. Innes tried to knock his man out, but began to weaken, and eventually Workman got him one on the jaw which finished him, and he gave up. Innes had never fought before, and on a good many occasions lost capital opportunities through lack of experience. Workman has had a good deal of experience of the ring.

The programme also contained a comic boxing encounter—black versus white—in which Mr. W Tyler and Private Walker took part. The principal factors in this match were soot and flour, and science was at a discount.

In a six round "catch weight" contest Gunner Jones, of the 76th Co., R. G. A., finished off Private Woolnough, of the 2nd Oxford L. I., in the second round. A "middle weight" fight between Gunner Robson, of the 60th Co., R. G. A., and Drummer Regan, of the 2nd Connaught Rangers, was decided in favour of the former, Regan opening his gloves, and the match being awarded to his opponent on a penalty.

Captain Mayne, R. G. A., officiated, as time-keeper and M. C.

The Colaba Gymnasium was crowded, and the programme was followed with the keenest interest.

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT LAKE MANITOBA.

The Hired Transport Lake Manitoba, Captain Owen Jones, arrived in harbour yesterday afternoon from Cape Town, which port she left on the 24th September. She brought 51 officers, 1 lady, 4 warrant officers, 1,631 non-commissioned officers and men, 3 women, 1 child, 2 ladies (in indulgence passengers) and 18 horses and 4 natives. They belong to the different regiments as follows:—16 officers, 2 warrant officers, 501 men, 2 women, and 1 child of the Royal Munster Fusiliers; 11 officers and 365 men, 10th Royal Hussars; 130 officers, 2 warrant officers 512 men and 1 woman, 12th Royal Lancers; 2 officers, and 114 men Suffolk Regiment; 3 officers, and 180 men, Border Regiment, 3 officers and 6 men R. A. M. C., 1 officer R.G.A., 1 officer, Yeomanry; 1 officer, Irish Horse; and 3 men S. A. Irregulars.

The Royal Munster Fusiliers and the draft of the Suffolk Regiment were transhipped to the R. I. M S. Clive for Karachi and the vessel left this morning. The baggage guard and the working party (strength four officers, and 200 men, under a Field officer) will leave the ship's side at 10a.m. to-day and the baggage at 11 a.m. The remainder of the troops will leave into the barges at 12-30 p. m. and 2-30 p.m. The troops will leave by three special trains from the Sassoon Dock to Deolali. The first train will leave the dock for Deolali at 5-40 p. m. (local time) with 8 officers, 5 warrant officers, and 400 men and 4 horses of the 12th Lancers for Umballa. The second train will leave at 6-30 p. m. with 7 officers, 5 warrant officers, and 280 men of the 12th Lancers, and draft Border Regiment for Umballa and Bareilly. The third train will leave at 7-10 p. m. with 11 officers, 9 warrant officers, 360 men, and 4 horses of the 10th Hussars for Mhow. The following are the names of the officers:—

10TH ROYAL HUSSARS.—Captains Hon D R A Pelham, F R A Sherman, Lieutenant Hon F W Stanley, W Sadgrave, Lord Farnham, Hon E H Meade, A G Dewhurst, Coutts Wallace, L B Pegamay, and Q.-Mr R Pilfinger, Veby-Surg [illegible]

ROYAL MUNSTER FUSILIERS.—Lieut Col C A King-Hall, Major B Chute, Captains J K O'Meagher, H Brown, C H B Jarret, Lieuts H S Jervis, D Wise, J C Dick, 2nd Lieuts A G Geddes, H B I Rye, T J Kennedy, Fitz G B Crosley, Major and Adjt G D Crocker, Lieut and Qr-Mr J O'Connor, Sergt-Major P Llewsanor, Band Master H Bloy.

12th ROYAL LANCERS.—Major Hon H G Heneage, Lieuts W M Burrell, H R Milvain, J B Oliver, F W F Murray, J M Traman, 2nd Lieuts A B Reynolds, C E Reynolds, T R Badger, R B Wood, Lieut and Adjt C Pane, Lieut and Quarter Master W H King, Surg A Gamble, 2nd Lieut and Major Barker, and Band Master R Green.

DIFFERENT REGIMENTS.—Major Van Straubenzie, and Lieut. Sexton Suffolk Regiment; Lieut Colonel Mc Trevor, R A M C, Captain Connolly R A M C, Civil Surgeon Grant R A M C, Capts Hume, Border Regiment; 2nd Lieuts Ellis Macnall Border Regiment; Lieuts Duke, R G A, Walker, Imperial Yeomanry; Vety Lieut Weatherall, Irish Horse, and Miss Hudson ordinary passenger.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The following passengers are booked to proceed to-day by the P. and O. Company's steamer Oriental, to Marseilles and London:—

Wilson Mr W	Inde Mr and Mrs E H and 2 children
Temple Mr B	Haggard Lieut Col C M
Barry Col and Mrs D F	Schuder Mrs C
Duckworth Mr E	Boldy Mrs
Dune Mr C R	Kemp Miss E M
Thomas Mr G H	Low Mr
Meistre Mr	

The Jagis, who gave trouble to the Afghan authorities on the Shutargardan last year and fled into British territory in Kurram for a time, seem to have become restive again. They settled down quietly into their villages on first returning, but since then they have shown signs of discontent. It is now reported under orders from Kabul some of the tribe are to be removed to the Hazara country beyond Ghazni and settled there. This is a favourite method in Afghanistan of securing good behaviour on any particular clan.

THE CORPORATION AND THE TRAMWAY COMPANY.

SPECIAL CASE BY THE ARBITRATORS.

SIR LAWRENCE JENKINS, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice, Batty, at the High Court yesterday, heard the arguments on the special case stated by the arbitrators in the matter of the Indian Arbitration Act of 1899 and in the matter of Section 39 of the Bombay Tramway Company's Act of 1874.

Mr. Lowndes and Mr. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., appeared for the Bombay Municipality; Mr. Aston, instructed by Messrs. Little and Co., for the arbitrators; and Mr. Young, instructed by Messrs. Sneehan, Byrne, and Noble, for the Bombay Tramway Company.

Mr. Aston read the petition of the arbitrators. Mr. H. V. Kemball and Mr. E. C. B. Acworth, in which it was stated that they were appointed arbitrators by the Municipal Corporation and the Tramway Company, respectively, under Section 20 of the Bombay Tramways Act of 1874. In the course of the reference certain points of law had arisen, on which they asked for the opinion of the Court:—(1) Whether upon the true construction of Section 39 of the Bombay Tramways Act of 1874, the actual bona fide value of the property of the Company

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

M. Pelletan, French Minister of Marine, talks of preparing for a holiday for the French fatherland. Most people would have thought that the one already being waged against the religious schools was sufficient for the present.

Mr. George Weldon, M. A., M. B. 30, Hillstreet Rutland gate, S.W., writes:—It has been suggested that a new musical setting of the "Te Deum" would most adequately express the gratitude of all his Majesty's subjects in the British Empire for the remarkable blessings we have received, especially during the present year. Furthermore, that in order to induce the highest musicians in our land to compete £1,000 be collected by an influential committee and offered as prize. Generous donations from persons of high social influence will be of chief importance at this present moment in order to obtain what is clearly a prime necessity—viz, a central office. Whence communications can be issued and where they may be received from the large number of persons who will naturally be interested in this sacred project. I would invite the attention of any such persons to the kind permission given by Mme. Raphael Costa, of 134 Warwickstreet S. W. and Messrs. Metzler and Co., of Great Marlborough street, for the reception of any letters addressed to them when headed "Imperial 'Te Deum' Fund."

Will the novel disappear? Mr. John Kendrick Bangs, writing in the "North American Review" declares that it will but that the third form of love and life, will be satisfied in another way by the genius of the future. If wireless telegraphy, he asks, why not bookless romances, typeless novels, pageless poems? We already have jokeless comic papers. These things are surely coming. It is my impression that the literature of that period will be induced by pills taken before retiring and acting immediately thereafter. The man who wants a poem of certain kind will swallow what for the lack of a better term we may call "The Alfred Austin Pellet" and live the resulting poem in his dreams. Then there will be Caine's Capsules for Creepy Creatures, each guaranteed to contain ten grains of gloom, and absolutely free from humour, lightness, sunshine, or other deleterious substances, and which taken three times a day, will enable every man to be his own Manxman."

The town of Mansfield, Ohio, has just celebrated a festival of refreshing originality. It was called the Bills' picnic, and every William in the place was invited. A he-goat led the grand march, and the Lean Bills played the Fat Bills at baseball. Then the Bills feasted and speeches were made by representatives of the Law Bills, the Shoe Bills, the Doctor Bills, and so on.

An amusing story is being told in Paris of an Auvergnat coal merchant of that city, who was found very drunk in the streets. Asked who he was, he said he didn't know, but go and ask the coal merchant in the Rue des Ecoles. If he is at home, I don't known who I am; if he's out, it's me.

This death announcement appeared in the South Australian Advertiser:—

——On the 26th June, at Black Oak Farm, Kadina, the noble wife of ——, and mother of four sons and one daughter.

In her, Love took the harp of life, smote the chord of self which passed out of sight. The angels, not so happy as us, envied her and me, and that is why her high-born kinsman came and took her away, and shut her up in a sepulchre.—West Australian papers, please copy.

With reference to the human binding of M. Camille Flammarion's book, it is not generally known, writes a correspondent, that there is a record of a celebrated trial in England bound in the skin of the murderer. The volume is in the Athenæum, Bury St. Edmunds, and is the record of the trial of William Corder, the murderer of Maria Martin in the Red Barn at Polestead, Suffolk, in 1829. Corder was a reprobate. At his instigation the girl Martin dressed in male attire, and arranged to meet him at a barn some miles distant. Here Corder shot the girl, and buried her beneath the floor of the barn. Going to the south of England, he wrote the girl's friends to say that they were married, and that Maria was perfectly happy. Maria's mother had some misgiving, and three times dreamed that Corder had shot her daughter and concealed her body in the barn. Acting upon this, a party made a search, and found the body of the unfortunate Maria in exactly the same spot as her mother dreamt she had been buried in.

An unfortunate brickmaker at Honan, China, has been fined 20,000 bricks for a misdeed. The alternative was to be beaten and handed over to a mandarin. The choice, it is said, was between bricks and kicks.

Twenty-five young women of Deadham, Massachusetts, have formed themselves into an Old Maids' Club, and sworn not to speak to young men. The young men of the town have followed suit with a Bachelors' Club, and registered a vow not to speak to young women. The only way out of the deadlock is to form a combine.

A member of the House of Lords writes:—"A great many people who were present in the Abbey at the Coronation ceremony think that they ought to receive the Coronation medal." "It has been given freely to all sorts of people, Colonials as well as home residents, and it would be very much appreciated by those who were invited to attend the ceremony."

A great stamp auction took place at Berlin the other day. There were buyers from all parts of the world. Many of the best stamps came to England. A three lire Tuscany was bought by a London collector for £45. The oldest Roumanian stamp, the 27 paras black on pale pink of 1858, went for £25. A British Guiana No. 10, £11 10s.; two British Columbia, No. 7 A and 10 A, £13 10s. Good prices were also paid for collections. A small one of Europe went for £57 10s. Two collections of 47 and 48 stamps each got £10, and one of 135 stamps £7 10s. A Morocco collection was sold for £6 4s., an Ecuador collection, jubilee, £2 15s. an Ecuador collection, jubilee, £2 15s., several collections of Philippines £21 12s., Turkish stamps was bought for £10.

Mr. Maurice Davies, 7, Acton-lane, Harlesden writes:—"If instead of Italian Sir Frederick Bram well had proposed colloquial Latin as the international language, he would have avoided all danger of national jealousies, and by stipulating that it should be pronounced in the Continental way instead of in our insular fashion, he would have got within measurable distance of Italian, which is, after all, only bastard Latin. "Of course, our common tongue would not be Ciceronian. We should have to drift into dog-Latin before we could discourse about wireless telegraphy or record cricket bats."

This epitaph is suggested in the "Times" for the British nation:—Here lies a people whose rare gifts of energy, good sense, and integrity raised them above all other peoples when those qualities were all in all. But they lacked intelligence and despised it; and, lacking intelligence they fell from their high estate as soon as the world's prizes began to be awarded only to those who brought a trained and disciplined intelligence to the understanding of its laws—moral, economic, and physical.

Dr. Kelly, Roman Catholic Bishop of Ross, Co, cork, has more faith in the production of butter, poultry and eggs for consumption in the English market than in the orations of Irish politicians. Addressing an audience at a local butter show on the possibilities of rural industries, he said that some talked of the trophies of going to prison, but the trophy of contributing towards making Ireland a rich and prosperous country would be a great deal more valuable.

Was ever sarcasm more biting than that of Mrs. Hills of Little Smeezle? The advertisement appeared in the Kentish Express:—I wish to thank all those people at Swingfield who have been scandalising about the parish relief I have had, as I haven't applied for any parish help.—Mrs. J. Hills, Little Smeezle, Swingfield.

A toy exhibition organised last year in Paris by M. Lepine, the Prefect of Police, was a great success. The toys shown were all new and original specimens of the kind made out of odds and ends, and sold for a few coppers in the streets. A second show is to take place next month in the Jardin de Paris. Why should not London have a similar exhibition?

Princess Victoria Louise, the youngest child of the Kaiser, celebrated her tenth birthday on the 13th September. She is a merry little girl, and full of fun. When the Empress was lately staying at her country estate, Cadinen, with the younger children, the little Princess roamed about the farmyard at her own free will. One day the Empress was sitting with some guests in the drawing room, when all at once Princess Victoria came into the room, her face beaming with delight. In her arms was a pink something which she was affectionately stroking. She ran up to her mother, and placed a little squeaking pig in her lap. But as little pigs have no drawing-room manners, it had to be sent out. Princess Victoria was very unhappy at having to give up her new plaything.

Volcano ashes are likely soon to become a valuable commercial asset. A Japanese professor has just found that they form a concrete of great durability and hardness when mixed with cement. The material has already been used in constructing a breakwater at Ojaro, and is said to have proved a great success.

An American scientist visiting Switzerland strongly recommends mountain air and high altitudes as a cure for partial deafness, particularly in elderly people. According to this gentlemen, who is himself an ear specialist, there is no such thing as old-age deafness. As people advance in years the eustachian tubes are liable to close, and deafness results. Mountain air has a wonderful effect upon this delicate mechanism of the ear, and causes the tubes to open.

It is notified in the Gazette that vessels trading in the Gulf of Aden will be required for the future to execute security bonds at Aden, binding them not to participate in arms or ammunition traffic on either the Arabian or African Coasts of the Gulf of Aden.

popular blunder than this one. But not yet complete. The point that med at when the "excess," "surplus," ffinity" of women, as it is variously described, is under discussion is as the comic song above cited observes. She ought to feel lucky she's married at all, because the "she" in question (meaning every married woman) has had to compete in such an overcrowded market for the honour of being her husband's choice. But how far this is really the case is not fully understood even by grasping the fact given in the last paragraph—namely, that there are 64 odd females to every thousand couples—for many of the "excess" are aged women, and amongst the members of the two sexes in the prime of life the "excess" of women is far less than 64 per 1,000. Those 64 extra females to every thousand couples are found by taking the population of all ages. But women have much greater longevity than men, and the excess in the numbers of women in the whole population very largely concerns those aged women. How great the difference in male and female longevity is may be judged from the fact that a man aged 55 can buy from the Government an annuity of £7 9s. 10d. for the rest of his life with each £100 paid down, while a woman of the same age can get but £6 15s. 8d. This large difference represents the greater chance of long life which the woman has over the man.

There are more boys born than girls. This is one of those curious facts brought out by the keeping of national registration tables. Although the question whether a child will be male or female seems so indeterminate, it is a fact that nature keeps the strict average, and there are 1,053 boys born into the world for every 1,000 girls. The male mortality is greater from the first than the female; and the proportion of female children born perfect is greater than that of males. There are more male idiots born than female ones; more males are blind from childhood: more males are deaf and dumb in early infancy. The greater longevity of the female sex is thus in part dependent on greater vital capacity, but in part, doubtless, is due to other causes. To some extent it is due to the fact that the dangerous occupations are chiefly followed by men. Miners, sailors, railway servants and some others follow trades of a peril to life that is not equalised even by the terrible risk to mothers of childbirth. But it cannot be doubted also that the greater mortality of male depends upon their more irregular lives. Life assurance statistics conclusively prove that persons who take alcohol thereby diminish the probability of their living to old age. Now, men supply a far larger proportion than do women of the drunkards of the country; the male deaths from alcoholism are 91 per million, as against 52 per million of the female population; and the judicial statistics are even more favourable to women. Tobacco smoking, at any rate amongst the young and undeveloped, is also a dangerous habit, weakening the vital forces. When to thes is added the feebleness of constitution and the mortality directly and indirectly caused by other mischievous habits, there can be little doubt that would men be more sober, more moderate about smoking, and generally content with a much diminished crop of wild oats, the excess of elderly women over elderly men would be considerably reduced.

If the Army needs celibate young men, domestic service needs an even larger army of celibate young women. We want 1,400,000 of them for service; and besides these single women for domestic workers, we need sick nurses, shop women, needle women, etc. So that really in the best working years of life we find there is practically no excess of women. It is no wonder that we are short of servants, and have none to spare to our colonial sisters. Nor is it surprising that those that we have are so frequently unsatisfactory, for the vast majority of them are mere inexperienced children, and weak because still growing. Over 20,000 poor children under fifteen are returned as domestic servants. As soon as they reach maturity, there are, so far as numbers go, husbands waiting for them all (for whom the sillies will work rather than for the best of mistresses, strange to say!) As a fact, the women of the working classes do not experience any difficulty in finding husbands; and if in the educated and refined middle and upper ranks of society there are [illegible] involuntary old maids, it is partly [illegible] in comfortable circumstances are [illegible] to shirk marriage in their youth, and partly [illegible] as Jane Austen says at the beginning of [illegible] certainly are not so many [illegible] the world as there are pre[illegible]

FRANCE AND ABYSSINIA,

THE JIBUTIL-HARRAR RAILWAY.

EXTRAORDINARY ACTIVITY OF THE ENGINEERS.

Reuter's representative has had an interview with Mr. William Fitzhugh Whitehouse, the American traveller, who, with Lord Hindlip, has just returned from an interesting journey of several months' duration in Abyssinia, in the course of which they travelled over some ground quite new to Europeans. They left England in February, and after organising their caravan at Zeila were joined at Jibutil by D Victor Bell, who accompanied the expedition as medical officer. From Jibutil the party proceeded by the new French railway to railhead, which was then at Adagalla, about 150 miles in the interior. They state that this line, which will tap the rice province of Harrar and divert all the trade to the French route, is making great progress, it being the plan of the French engineers to get the line completed with all speed. Evidence of this was to be found in the fact that when the expedition, some five months later, again struck the railway on the return journey railhead was then at Harrarwa, about sixty miles further in the interior. The greatest activity is being displayed, and shiploads of rails, cars, &c. are constantly arriving at Jibutil. The rails are being taken up in sections, completely riveted to the sleepers. The line, which is eventually to go to the Abyssinian capital, has been surveyed right through, and will reach a point north of Harrar about Christmas. It is not intended to connect with Harar itself but a transport road between that town and the railway is being constructed.

Immense gangs of labourers are working all along the line, and there are at least three times as many white officials as there are on the Uganda railway. For some distance from the coast the line is well constructed, and there are five bridges, but beyond the section referred to quality is being sacrificed to speed. Every other day a fast train runs between Jibutil and Adagalla. It is freely stated that Menelik is becoming somewhat anxious about the line, in view of the assistance it is getting from the French Government. The Negus says that his concession was only given for a private enterprise, and possibly the extraordinary activity now being displayed may not be unconnected with some apprehension on this score. At any rate there is no doubt that the line to Harrar is being constructed at an unusually rapid rate. From railhead the expedition proceeded by way of Gildessa to Adis Abeba, and on this part of the journey the most noticeable feature was the caravans of ammunition on their way to the capital.

During their stay in Adis Abeba the travellers had an audience of the Emperor, who was very cordial and gave them permission to shoot in his private preserve, to which no white man had previously been admitted. He subsequently entertained them at a grand dinner, at which the foreign representatives were also present. The foreign guests were seated at tables placed to the right and left of the Emperor, who occupied a throne surrounded by Court officials. A band trained by a Russian played international selections. At the conclusion of the dinner curtains surrounding the dais were drown aside, disclosing a great hall with blue and gold walls. Into this the Abyssinian officers and troops filed to take their part in the feast.

From Adis Abeba the travellers struck down the east side of the chain of lakes passing through Menelik's preserve, and then returned to the capital via the western shores of the lakes. This part of the journey occupied three months. At one time the explorers saw four great salt lakes at once. They went round lake Abasso, which the natives said had never before been visited by a white man. Among the curious people in this region was a tribe of fishermen who live on the eastern lake shore and among the islands, which have a teeming population. These people live entirely on fish, and inhabit huts erected on piles. The Abyssinians were as a rule quite friendly, but difficulties with the smaller provincial officials were not uncommon. Near Lake Margherita the travellers were practically detained as prisoners for three days, the local official refusing to recognise Menelik's letter. They were kept under strict surveillance, not even being allowed to bathe without an escort, and were told that they would be shot if they attempted to go after game. There appears to be no doubt that raiding by Abyssinian bands still goes on. Near Adagalla and also on the road to Gildessa immense quantities of ivory were seen which undoubtedly were obtained in British territory.

On the way back to the capital the expedition visited the "devil-infested zone" of Walamo. Here the travellers intended to spent a month to inquire into the curious form of illness which usually attacked visitors to that region, and which the natives said was the work of the Walamo spirit. Since Mr. Whitehouse's previous visit the whole character of the place had changed. Formerly the natives all crowded round a stranger, and stared until, as they said, the unfortunate person became possessed, and in the case of Captain Welby and some of his people more or less ill. On this occasion although they hemmed in the visitors on the market place, they seemed to have forgotten all about the evil influence. This is ascribed to the fact that the region is now free of Abyssinian troops, whose white tents are to be met with everywhere in Walamo.

After a second visit to Adis Abeba Mr. Whitehouse and Lord Hindlip marched to railhead and returned to Jibutil, on their way to England.

"GUSHERS" AFLAME.

OIL FIELDS IN TEXAS SET ON FIRE.

An "Express" telegram, dated New York, Sept 12, says:—The Beaumont Oil Fields in Texas have been on fire since yesterday, and the flames are still raging. The fire was started by sparks from a passing railway engine, and spread rapidly till dozens of "gushers" were shooting flames high into the sky. The scene was a most startling one last night. Great shafts of flame towered on high while immense volumes of black smoke rolled away in dense clouds. The whole country side gathered to see the sight, and there was great excitement because it was feared that the whole of the oil fields would be set on fire. Happily there was not a strong wind, and this calamity did not occur. The means of quenching the flames are inadequate, and it is feared that the "gushers" will have to exhaust themselves. The damage is already estimated to reach £30,000

KINGS AND NEWSPAPER MEN.

An American contemporary has the following interesting comment on the attitude of modern Royalties to the Press. Queen Victoria may be said to have been the first Sovereign who made use of the newspapers for communicating directly with her subjects, and frequently addressed through them her thanks for national tokens of sympathy, and even explanations concerning her conduct, as for instance, when she pointed out in a message communicated, not through her Ministers, or through Court officials, but directly to the public through the Press, that in order to husband her strength for the administrative work entailed by the rulership of her vast Empire, it was necessary that she should relieve herself as far as possible from the more purely ornamental functions of the monarchy which she could delegate to her children, whereas she could not confide to anyone else her administrative duties. There was something rather pathetic in the old Queen thus taking the people into her confidence, through the Press, in a Royal and yet thoroughly familiar explanation, such as a mother might give to her grown-up children. And it certainly served to bring throne and people more closely in touch with each other.

EUROPEAN ROYALTIES.

The late Emperor Napoleon was credited with not merely inspiring, but actually with penning newspaper articles, in order to give expression to his views. King Oscar of Sweden has been a frequent contributor to the Press of his two kingdoms, of course under a pen name. No monarch in Europe has turned the Press to better account, both in his Royal and private undertakings, than King Leopold. The present Tsar, it may be remembered, selected an English newspaper man and a British newspaper in order to proclaim to the world his views upon peace, disarmament, and arbitration. It was because King George of Greece preferred the assurances of a London journalist to those of the English envoy accredited to his Court, and turned a deaf ear to the latter's advice, that he embarked in the disastrous war with Turkey, firmly convinced that England would intervene on behalf of Greece in the event of the Turks being victorious.

Pope Leo on several occasions has made use of the Press to convey messages to the world. The late King Alfonso of Spain never made any secret of the fact that he was largely indebted to the assistance of the famous Paris correspondent of the London "Times" for his restoration to the throne, and I may point out that the bitter economic war, which raged for more than a decade between Italy and France—an economic strife that cost France millions, and which reduced Italy to almost absolute ruin—originated with a particularly savage attack in a Parisian newspaper upon the wife of the Italian Prime Minister, Crispi.

KING EDWARD'S JOURNALIST FRIENDS.

No monarch, however, has shown a warmer appreciation of newspaper power and of newspaper men than King Edward. There are quite a number of the latter who can boast of his personal friendship, and are able to show trinkets which he has given them as souvenirs. Several, indeed, belong to his immediate circle, notably Sir "Billy" Russell, the veteran war correspondent of "The Times," who was once attached to his suite as honorary private secretary, and has still, I believe, the right to wear the household button when in Court dress. King Edward, until the time of his accession to the throne, was in the habit of paying an annual visit to Sir Edward Lawson, the editor and proprietor of the London "Daily Telegraph," as a sort of recognition for the support which that paper had given to his own and Queen Alexandra's charitable enterprises. At least two dozen newspaper editors were knighted by Queen Victoria at the suggestion of the King, several newspaper proprietors have received baronetcies, and one, Lord Glenesk, has received a peerage.

THE GIFTED WHITE SLAVES OF PARIS.

Where will American dating stop? (asks the writer of "Notes from Paris"). The idea of a Fashions Trust that aims at beating French dressmakers on their own ground is bolder than any of Pierpont Morgan's combinations. Americans will find it hard to excel the first-rate Parisian work-girl who works in stuffs with as much felicity and facility as a first-rate sculptor works in clay. These artists of the needle and scissors form a natural aristocracy, and the supply is by no means even in Paris equal to the demand. Their brains are fertile in sumptuary combinations, and their fingers quick and deft in executing. They do things out of their heads. A first-rate workwoman who "invents" dress, bonnets, and mantles soon loses health. I know a work-girl who works out a black and white muslin models of mantles. She sometimes sells a model for 50 or 60 fr. But her earnings average from 25 fr. to 30 fr. or 40 fr. a model.

The strain is so great on her brain that, were it not for violent bleedings at the nose, the doctor says she would fall a victim to cerebral congestion. In the dead season she obtains a situation as shop-girl in some quiet provincial town. This enables her to stay some months, free of expense, in the country, in her way she is a great genius. The dresses Sarah Bernhardt wears on the stage are frequently composed by work-girls in great houses. I saw one afternoon girls in a workroom pinning stuffs, laces, and other trimmings on mannequins, and, asking what it all meant, was told they were composing toilettes for Sarah Bernhardt. They had been to see her at an undress rehearsal, had paid great attention to the play, and had been given cabinet photographs of the actress. Five were charged with the different compositions, and the life of a dive see had to run into their slender fingers. In forewoman said nothing until a result had been obtained, when she altered a little here and there, or thought some effect not quite the thing. The costliest stuffs had been used and very little wasted. The public knew only of the firm which furnished Sarah Bernhardt's wardrobes, and nothing of the gifted white slaves who, in this instance seemed poor, overwrought, and underfed.

CURSING STONES IN THE ARAN ISLES

There are three altars inside the cashel at Inishmurray, built square of rough, loose stones, and having on the top of them a number of curious, round, smooth stones. These have been used for cursing, by turning them, and the natives are very superstitious about them. An Irish authority thus defines the effects of a well-delivered curse. "The belief among the ancient Irish was, and still is, that a curse once pronounced must fall in some direction. If it has been deserved by him on whom it is pronounced it will fall on him sooner or later, but if it has not, then it will return upon the person who pronounced it. They compare it to a wedge with which a woodman cleaveth timber. If it has room to go, it will go and cleave the wood; but if it has not it will fly out and strike the woodman himself, who is driving it, between the eyes." One mode of averting the curse was for the person against whom the stones were turned to have a grave dug, to cause himself to be laid in it, and to have three shovelfuls of earth cast over him the grave-diggers at the same time reciting certain rhymes. Cursing-stones, are alluded to in the following:—

They loosed their curse against the king,
They cursed him in his flesh and bones,
And ever in the mystic ring
They turned the maledictive stones.

These stones were turned from left to right when praying, but from right to left when cursing.—"Leisure Hour."

WOMAN IN KHAKI

STRANGE STORY OF A BURGLARY AND A UNIFORM.

Cambridge is just now absorbed in discussing a mystery in which the chief points are a burglary and a suit of khaki clothing. On the bank of the River Cama few days ago a suit of khaki uniform was discovered; in the evening of the same day a burglary took place at the premises of Messrs. Norman, Bradley, and Co. Had it not been for four labourers there would probably have been no connection between the two incidents. An extraordinary colour, however, is lent to the affair by their story, which briefly, is as follows:

Early in the morning in question an individual clothed in khaki was seen walking towards the river carrying a brown leather bag. On the river bank he entered into conversation with a rough-looking man, and then disappeared. Shortly afterwards a woman, who had not previously been seen, appeared from the direction in which the man had vanished, apparently carrying the self-same bag. Then came the discovery of the uniform on the bank and the theory now held is that the individual in khaki and the woman were one and the same person. The bag which she carried when clad in the uniform contained a complete outfit of woman's clothing. Reaching a solitary spot she discarded the khaki and donned the garments of her sex. The khaki she left behind, and it is thought that the empty bag was used for the purpose of carrying away the property stolen in the burglary, which took place in the evening. Both she and the man with whom she was seen talking have vanished, and no clue to their whereabouts has been discovered despite the strictest investigations by the police.

POONA RACES.

SECOND EXTRA DAY,
SATURDAY OCTOBER 11.

The Tally Ho Plate.—R C and Distance.

Pope 12 7, Henry 11 4, Gnullo 10 10, Chokebore 10 6, Vedette 10 0, Milbourn 9 10, Dawn 9 0.

The Medium Plate.—5 furlongs.

Fandc 9 7, Olga 9 2, Tecoota 8 11, Response 8 7, Heres Luck 8 4, Lady Smith II. 8 1, Amendment 8 0, Repetition 7 12 Overture 7 8, Sister 7 2. Two top weights not accepting, weights to be raised 5 lbs.

The Arab Consolation Plate.—1 1-4 miles.

Changez 9 4, Admirer 8 5, The Robber 8 2, Tirah 8 0, Chand 7 12, Standow 7 10, Mild Fox 7 9, Nevermore 7 5, Young Roberts 6 7.

The Desert Handicap.—6 furlongs

Naranjee 10 0, Chancellor 8 4, The Robber 8 1, Shaiboosh 7 12, Governor 7 11, Grey leg 7 0. Dispute 6 10, Chester 6 8, Ferdosi 6 0. Top weight, not accepting weights to be raised 14 lbs,

The New Comers Handicap.—6furlongs,

Young Kohinoor 9 3, Arabistan 8 11, Musketeer 8 9, Wild Fox 8 9, Artists 8 7, Mosumma 8 6, King Edward 7 10, King Arthur 7 4, Flying Fox 7 3, Young Roberts 7 0, Haddal 6 12, Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 5 lbs,

The Closed Handicap.—5 furlongs,

Ena 12 0, Waress 10 2, Bollevac 9 7, Bawbee 8 3, Elastic 7 2 Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 24 lbs,

Forfeit Rs 5 due for horses not struck out before 6 p m on Thursday 9th inst.

HORSES STRUCK OUT.

The Tally Ho Plate.—Hope and Chokebore
The Medium Plate.—Overture
The Arab Consolation Plate.—Young Roberts,
The New Comers Handicap.—Malabar,
The Desert Handicap.—Firdosi, Naranjee, Dispute and Essex.

SPECIALITY FOR THE SKIN.—Purest, most emollient and most hygienic of all soaps. The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the toilet, bath, and nursery; and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, absolutely pure. A boon to sensitive skins. Indispensable for children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

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Are confidently recommended to all sufferers from Gout, Rheumatism, Gravel, Gouty Eczema, Sciatica, Lumbago, and all Uric Acid troubles, as they both cure and prevent attacks. When one of Bishop's Varalettes for Gout is dropped in water or other liquid it dissolves quickly and completely with brisk effervescence.

A COLONEL in his Majesty's Army writes:—

"A year ago I suffered very much from Gravel, and regularly every two months "passed stones, and had untold torture, and twice was seriously ill in consequence. "I saw your advertisement and got some Bishop's Varalettes for Gout, and from that "day to this I have never suffered the slightest pain, had a suspicion of gravel or "anything else. I have now taken these Varalettes three times a day (one after each "meal) for a year."

Mrs. J. HAMMOND, 7 Crowhurst Road, Brixton, S.W., writes:—

"I feel that I ought to let you know of the great and speedy benefit which I have "derived from the use of your Varalettes for Gout. I am 66 years of age, and have "for many years suffered from Gouty symptoms, and these became so much aggravated last spring that I frequently could scarcely turn in bed for the pain, or dress "myself in the morning. I then determined to give your remedy a trial, and it is a "positive fact that from the first day of taking it, up to the present date, the acute "pains have entirely disappeared, so that I have not lost one night's rest from that cause. "I continued the treatment for a month, and have since had a 5s. Case. I now find that "if the pains seem inclined to return a few days' treatment disperses them. It is "certainly a wonderful remedy."

Lieut.-Colonel CLARKE, 7 Beacheroft Road, East Sheen, S.W., writes:—

"I have been in the habit of using Bishop's Varalettes for Gout for some time; "and I find them the best corrective for Gout I know of. I have suffered great "inconvenience in the past from this malady, but since I have used Bishop's Varalettes "for Gout I have been but seldom troubled. I was through the Egyptian Campaign, "1881, and during the whole time I used Bishop's Lithia preparations, and found them "of great value. I always take one of Bishop's Varalettes for Gout in my whisky and "water and I find them most convenient and portable."

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A LUXURY AND A NECESSITY TO EVERY MODERN TOILET.

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DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.
Each bottle of genuine VIN DE SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*
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PREPARED BY: CLÉMENT & Co, *Valence* (Drôme, France).

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Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of impureness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood, from whatever cause arising. No other is it indispensable, how system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest part, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wherever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

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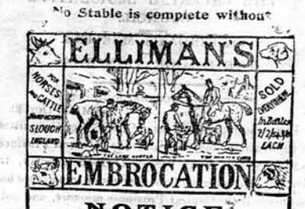

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To conquer an obstinate enemy requires persistency and perseverance. It is the same with Rheumatism, the dread foe of mankind, which ranks foremost in stubbornness. To eradicate it from the system, you must use the right weapon. Little's Oriental Balm is the only remedy that can overpower it. It has cured helpless, crippled sufferers who have been discharged from the hospital as incurable.

Mr. W. Williams, Eve Road, Leyton, says:—"For 8 years I have been rendered unfit for work by Rheumatism. At night, terrible shooting pains kept me in agony. I could not sleep or use my arms. Two boxes of that wonderful remedy, Little's Oriental Balm, cured me completely. I can recommend it with utmost confidence." Sold at 1s. 6d. per box. Of all chemists.

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My wife suffered persistently from indigestion for years, and had been trying doctors and all sorts of medicine without the least benefit; but I am pleased to tell you after taking three or four doses of Nature's Herbal Extract she has not felt so well for years. Her appetite has improved, and she is decidedly stronger.
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M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

How quickly a new play, when it is written by one of the few authors whose productions are the "chief events" in the history of the theatrical year in London, is known to everybody in the slightest manner interested. I am not speaking so much of the actual plot, of the question of a good beginning or a happy ending, but of the tone and effect which it will produce on the nightly audience. Every vestige of the element of surprise is gone with the first representation. Perhaps there is a great third act to wait for, perhaps there is a special performance to admire, it makes no difference, for the atmosphere of the play fills the theatre long before the curtain actually rises. Chance, the Idol, was produced at Wyndham's last week, and we all know to-day that Henry Arthur Jones has reached a climax in the so-called "play of nerves."

The scene is laid in Monte Carlo, the period is "present day," and the main facts are old, vulgar, and pitiful. Oddly enough, the very point which the author, by the mouth of his kind cynic, Cyril Ryves, protest against and derides—the futility of a belief in chance—is proved and upheld by the incidents and facts of the story. Cyril Ryves has no faith in luck, and speaks the truest words in the play: "It is our own characters that count and weigh, and carry us to our ends." Ellen Farndon, the woman of nerves, has an equally strong belief in "signs" and "omens"—such signs and omens!—and judging by the after events, she is right, and he is wrong.

There is much of Lucy Dane in Ellen Farndon, but Miss Ashwell, in her latest part, has the opportunity of showing Lucy-Ellen under the maddening influence of Chance, the Idol. She goes to Monte Carlo to pay the debts, and—as she hopes—marry her lover, Alan Leversage. But there is a certain Lady Mary Nowell, trying and wearisome, who has other plans for her miserable nephew, and she promptly begins to "arrange" matters in her own way; on one occasion she is absent from the stage for about three minutes, but a marriage has been "arranged" during that brief period for Alan and a shadowy young lady, who is obviously introduced into the play for that purpose; and between the impossible lover and his tiresome aunt, Ellen is driven to despair and the gambling tables.

It is only at the end of the play, when her little fortune and her false lover are both lost; when all the wretched hysteria and madness pass away; when she hears that her child is in the next room, that Ellen turns from a reckless, utterly pitiful creation of passion and despair into a woman. It is the one touch of normal feeling—it is the good end of a cruel, unreal play.

Second only to Miss Lena Ashwell's repressed but passionate, nervous but intense, performance, is Mr. H V. Esmond's consistent, thoughtful, humorous study of Cyril Ryves. Mr. Graham Browne has an exceedingly difficult task in the part of Alan Leversage, for a more hopeless character hardly ever fell to the lot of an actor. Miss Winifred Arthur-Jones is refreshing, bright, and pretty as the "comic relief," and Miss Lilian Moubrey acts a small part very cleverly.

A veteran of the American stage, Mr. McKee Rankin, looking backward, can recall the building of theatres; the rise and wane of many stars; old touring days before the American Civil War; his own first successes in England, at good old Sadler's Wells. Almost as long associated with management as with acting his career is typical of theatrical life in the New World. Two or three times in the course of years, Mr. Rankin could have turned his back, had he chosen, on further enterprise and speculation, with a little fortune, figuratively speaking, securely grasped in each hand; but he has the nature, the ambition, and desire of a man who would rather die in harness than let the world slip away while he only looks on. So that to-day, forty-one years since he spoke his first line on the stage, Mr. McKee Rankin has brought his company to London, and within the last two weeks scored a personal success, as old Schwartze in Magda, that is quite equal to many of his triumphs in the days of his youth.

To give the exact date—the Adelphi manager has a wonderful memory for dates—Arthur McKee Rankin made his debut at Rochester, N. Y., under the stage name of George Henley, on the first of March, 1861, when he was a boy of about sixteen. He was born in Canada, in the smallest of small towns, not very far away from the Detroit River, and educated at Toronto College. His father, Colonel Rankin, intended his son for the Civil Service, and persuaded him to leave the stage before he had fairly tried his luck. A small appointment in the Bureau of Agriculture held the boy to the desk for a little while, till the day came when he had the opportunity—a peculiar, rare opportunity—of discussing his real hopes and plans with the Premier of Canada.

John Sanfield Macdonald was at that time in office, and young McKee Rankin obtained, through the influence of his father, an interview to ask for a vacant government post. Perhaps he was not too enthusiastic; perhaps the Premier was a good judge of character; at all events, he asked the young man at once whether his mind was particularly set on the object of his request. Mr. Rankin's reply was to describe his short stage experiences. Were you successful? was the prompt question. Well, sir, I'm sure I should be the equally prompt answer. Then go on the stage, said Macdonald. If I had a son I would rather be turned out into the world with a cent in his pocket, and with a 'buck-saw' to saw wood as his only property, than see him become a machine in the Civil Service! Go on the stage! So McKee Rankin took the Premier's advice, and in less than three years he was a leading popular actor in New York.

Mr. Rankin's marriage in '69, he first went in- management on his own account. A starring alt Lake City, at a time when Brigham wo buildings, a tabernacle and a theatre, ong been opened in the now flourishing West- , suggested to Mr. Rankin that he should e a sketch by Joaquin Miller, dealing with life, This play, The Danites, proved to be one atest hits. He brought it to England, and, rt season at Sadler's Wells, it was put on at , where it ran for overa hundred nights. Mr. Rankin was associated for many years he expressively calls flannel shirt parts—in ds, character work of the rough-and-ready -humorous, half-pathetic, suggestive of Bret tories.

is not a look of the actor off the stage about Rankin, with his big white moustache and y figure. His face, with its kind, brown eyes igh forehead, well-shaped nose and mouth, ouble chin, is full of character and humour. rows are still black, but his hair—thin, parted own the centre—is as white as his moustache. onderful stage-manager, possessing the gift tience of a born teacher, and—in the words hter—he could almost make a broomstick daughter, by the way, is well known to us as Phyllis Rankin, the fascinating, original in The Belle of New York.

Camille succeeded Magda at the Adelphi, so Miss Nance O'Neil has been seen in another famous part. Not to repeat what was said of her method of acting—of her studied care, her sincerity her emotional power—the impression of her lovely face and figure is so strong and so lasting that it is hard to think of anything else when one recalls her performance of Margaret Gautier. The death scene, unaccompanied by the writhings of agony so attractive to the actress, so painful to "the one who looks on," was very beautiful in its simplicity.

That Miss Kitty Loftus chose to produce Naughty Nancy at the Savoy is no reason for comparing the piece with the masterpieces of the good old days, or, the wholly delightful Merrie England of a few months back. If one happens to look upon the same stage and sit in the same seat, should it be a grievance that one does not always see the same performance? No, if only the new departure in musical plays had any right to be considered equal to the musical plays which have already departed. Unfortunately, Naughty Nancy is a sad disappointment. With so much energy, so much pluck, and, in her own way, so much talent, it is amazing to think how Miss Loftus could have wasted her time on so poor a thing. The book is foolish; the lyrics would perhaps do credit to a home magazine, published in the schoolroom, but the music is at times catchy. It must not be forgotten, however, that nearly every song was encored on the first night—including such novelties as comic Irish ditty and a coon lilt—so it is to be presumed that the audience enjoyed the performance.

There was no lack of energy and determination in Miss Kitty Loftus's schoolgirl part—if only high spirits and hard work could have saved the situation. Mr. Cairns James gave the one entertaining little character sketch, squeezing humour out of lines that were not humorous and reminding one all the time of Mr. George Grossmith. Mr. James is an old Savoyard, and played many of Gee-Gee's original parts in America. Miss Eva Kelly—last seen in Kitty Grey—looked bewitching, sang the coon song, and danced very neatly, in surprisingly high heels.

Miss Kate Rorer, always popular and always charming, is making one of the most successful autumn tours on record. It commenced on the first of this month, with the production of a new play by Mr. Fergus Hume (author of The Mystery of a Hansom Cab), bearing the capital title Honours Divided. The opening night at Margate seems to have delighted everybody concerned—Mr. Hume and Miss Rorke from an artistic standpoint; her partner Mr. Arthur Bertram, from the view of the box-office; and a large, demonstrative audience into the bargain. The clever actress and the lucky author were both called before the curtain many times. In fact, it was quite a case of honours divided.

I don't know whether Miss Rorke shares the belief of many people in the power of a mascotte, but she certainly received one, from an unknown admirer, on the day of the production of Honours Divided. It came in the shape of a little golden pig, attached to a pretty brooch, accompanied by the sender's best wishes for the success of the new play and the new managers. At the conclusion of the performance, when she was surrounded by congratulating friends (Mr. Sydney Grundy Mr Lionel Brough Lady Harris and Mr Thomas Thorne were among the number), Miss Rorke laughingly held up her gift, which she had worn for the whole of the evening, and exclaimed: Behold the lucky pig!

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, late Chancellor of the Exchequer at Home, accompanied by Lady Hicks-Beach, their son and two daughters, are expected to arrive at Calcutta by the 10th November in the P. and O. s.s. Somali in which they have booked their passages.

FOR BA... SCALP AND ...

...ers to Think About

EVERY CHILD born ... the world with an inherited or early developed tendency to distressing, disfiguring humours of the skin, scalp, and blood, becomes an object of the most tender solicitude, not only because of its suffering but because of the dreadful fear that the disfiguration is to be lifelong and mar its future happiness and prosperity. Hence it becomes the duty of mothers of such afflicted children to acquaint themselves with the best, the purest, and most effective treatment available.

That warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales and gentle applications of CUTICURA Ointment to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, to be followed in the severest cases by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT are all that can be desired for the alleviation of the suffering of skin-tortured infants and children and the comfort of worn-out worried mothers has been demonstrated in countless homes in every land. Their absolute safety, purity, and sweetness, instantaneous and grateful relief, speedy cure, and great economy leave nothing more to be desired by anxious parents.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. Sold throughout the world. Aust. Depot: R. TOWNS & CO., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: LENNON LTD., Cape Town. "How to Cure Baby Humours," free. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Boston, U. S. A., Sole Props., CUTICURA REMEDIES.

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MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
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Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

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TEAS—Perfect Quality.

COFFEES—Received the Grand Prix at Paris Exhibition.

WHISKIES—Old and mellow.

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COFFEES—Roast and ground daily in India, therefore always fresh.

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ALL WHO DESIRE TO HAVE SOFT VELVETY SKIN, CAN OBTAIN IT BY USING AN IMPROVED Preparation of their CELEBRATED GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER.

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IT KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT

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Assorted kinds in Pint Bottles.

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It will prove a good friend when you have a fresh cold, bringing immediate relief. You will find it equally true in old colds, bronchitis, whooping-cough, asthma.

And you will declare it "the best friend in the world" if you will use it for an irritable throat or weak lungs. It acts as a strong tonic, clearing up the throat, giving tone to the relaxed tissues, and greatly strengthening the lungs.

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Two sizes. Large and small bottles.

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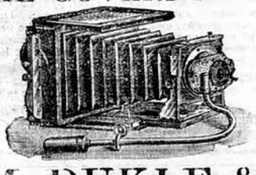

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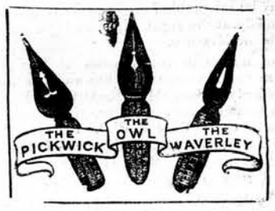

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BENGER'S FOOD is not only highly nutritive, but is most easily digested, and is so delicious that it is enjoyed by the youngest Infant or the most delicate Invalid.

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ABSOLUTELY "THE BEST"

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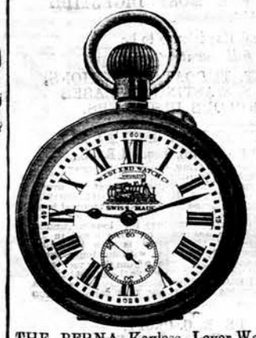

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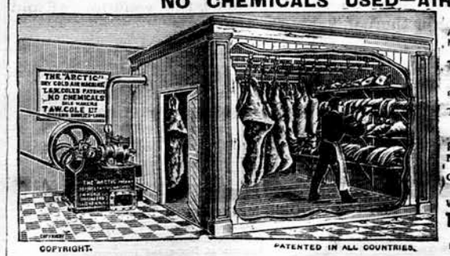

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For INFANTS and INVALIDS.

MELLIN'S FOOD is prepared from wheat and malted barley by machinery, is therefore **purely vegetable**, and during its preparation is **untouched by hand.**

MELLIN'S FOOD is a soluble dry extract, entirely free from starch and cane-sugar; the starch of the wheat having been transformed into dextrin and maltose by malt diastase. When added to diluted cow's milk **it produces a complete and perfect diet.**

MELLIN'S FOOD supplies materials by which diluted cow's milk is converted into an **ideal food for Infants and Invalids;** and **IT ASSURES THE DIGESTION OF THE MILK BY THE INFANT.** The character of cow's milk is so changed by the addition of Mellin's Food that the preparation is adapted for use from birth. By the use of Mellin's Food, and the exercise of proper care, those diseases which make such frightful havoc among infants in India and the East generally, such as diarrhœa, convulsions, the various wasting diseases, have been largely decreased.

Send to any of the Agents mentioned below for book of pictures and testimonials.

MELLIN'S FOOD for a light, sustaining ... nutritious diet, adapted for the ...

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The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES.

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust—the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers in every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of the speech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

THE MORAL.

"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.

Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.

Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead?

Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS; REMEDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:—It is a safe and immediate remedy P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard. S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drop.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS & BATLIWALLA & Co.'s CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co., Phillips & Co., Beynon & Co., &c., &c., &c., or from the Sole Manufacturer, Dr. H.L Batliwalla, Worli, Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

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20 per cent. CARBOLIC SOAP

A pleasant Soap for toilet purposes.
Especially valuable in countries infested by Mosquitoes and other Insects to heal or secure immunity from their bites.
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CARBOLIC OINTMENT

An excellent remedy—
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At all times for Bruises, Burns, Cuts, Piles, Scalds and Skin Ailments generally.
Free from animal fat.

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HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable **Phosphoric Cure** for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, and Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The **effect of this Standard Phosphoric** Remedy in Nervous Debility, and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is **really marvellous.**

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

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All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, Constipation, Thirst, Skin Eruptions, Boils, Feverish Cold with High Temperature and Quick Pulse, Influenza, Throat Affections, and Fevers of all kinds.

SMALLPOX, SCARLET FEVER, PYÆMIA, ERYSIPELAS, MEASLES, GANGRENE, and almost every mentionable Disease. "I have been a nurse for ten years, and have nursed cases of scarlet fever, pyæmia, erysipelas, measles, gangrene, cancer, and almost every mentionable disease. During this time I have not been ill for a single day, and this I attribute to the use of Eno's 'Fruit Salt,' which has **kept my blood in a pure state.** I recommend it to all my patients during convalescence. Its **value** as a **means** of **health cannot** be **overestimated.**"—A PROFESSIONAL NURSE (*Qualified*).

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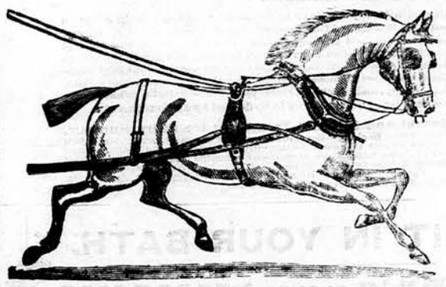

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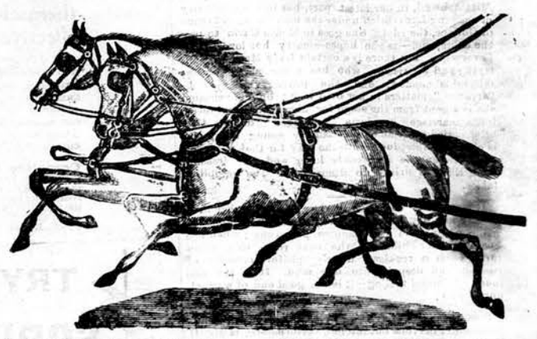

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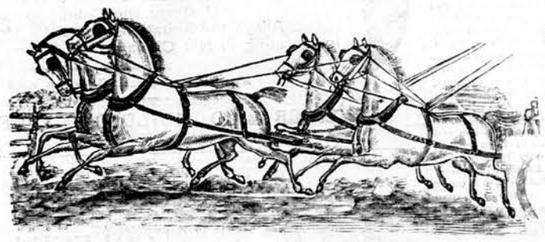

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Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the "Bombay, Gazette" Offices at No. 15, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and printed at the Steam Press and Jobbing Office, Armenian Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.
AGENTS.—London: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E. C.; Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co., 1, Whitefriars Street, London, E. C.; Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 98, Fenchurch Street, London, E. C.; Paris: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.